201001027747 (911666-D)

INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

REPORTS AND STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

201001027747 (911666-D)

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## REPORTS AND STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

### DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Bank for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

### DIRECTORS

The Directors in office during the financial year and during the period from the end of the financial year to the date of the report are:

Santhanam Vangal Jagannathan Goh Ching Chee Datuk Bhupatrai a/l Mansukhlal Premji Prabhat Kumar

Retired on 08th November 2022 Appointed on 14th October 2022

RM'000

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Bank are banking and the provision of such related financial services.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities during the financial year.

### FINANCIAL RESULTS

The financial results of the Bank for the financial year are as follows:

| Loss before tax                 | (3,379) |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Taxation                        | 96      |
| Net loss for the financial year | (3,283) |

## **DIVIDENDS**

No dividend was paid or declared by the Bank since the end of the last financial year. The Directors do not recommend any dividend to be paid for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

## RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the financial year other than those disclosed in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

## SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Significant events during the financial year are disclosed in Note 36.

#### SUBSEQUENT EVENTS AFTER THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Subsequent events after the financial year are disclosed in Note 37.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND DEBENTURES

According to the register of Directors' Shareholdings maintained by the Bank in accordance with Section 59 of the Companies Act 2016, none of the Directors in office at the end of the financial year held any interests in shares in or debentures of the Bank or any of its related corporations.

#### **DIRECTORS' BENEFITS**

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director of the Bank has received nor become entitled to receive any benefit (other than Directors' remuneration as shown in the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Bank or by a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest.

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during the financial year, did there subsist any arrangements to which the Bank is a party with the object or objects of enabling Directors of the Bank to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debenture of, the Bank or any other body corporate.

#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

Details of Directors' remuneration are as follows:-

|   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Non-Executive Directors                                   |                       |                       |
| Fees<br>- Santhariam Vangal Jagannathan                   | 77                    | 75                    |
| <ul> <li>Datuk Bhupatrai a/l Mansukhlai Premji</li> </ul> | 71                    | 72                    |
| - Goh Ching Chee  | 77                    | 74                    |
| - Prabhat Kumar   | 19<br>                |                       |
|   | 244                   | 221                   |

#### INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE FOR DIRECTORS

The Bank maintains a Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance up to an aggregate of RM 2,000,000 and RM 500,000 for each Director against any legal liability incurred by the Directors in the discharge of their duties while holding office in the Bank, subject to the terms and conditions of the policy.

The total amount of premium paid for the Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance by the Bank was RM 8,415 for the year (2021: RM8,415).

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

No new shares or debentures were issued during the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

### OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

- (a) Before the financial statements of the Bank were prepared, the Directors took reasonable steps:
  - (i) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provisions for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate provisions had been made for doubtful debts; and
  - (ii) to ensure that any current assets, which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business including the values of current assets as shown in the accounting records of the Bank had been written down to an amount which the current assets might be expected so to realise.
- (b) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:
  - (i) which would render the amounts written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts inadequate to any substantial extent; or
  - (ii) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Bank misleading; or
  - (iii) which have arisen which would render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets and liabilities of the Bank misleading or inappropriate.
- (c) At the date of this report:
  - there are no changes on the assets of the Bank which have arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any person,
  - (ii) there are no contingent liabilities in the Bank which have arisen since the end of the financial year other than in the ordinary course of the banking business; and
  - (iii) there are no charges on the assets of the Bank which has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person and, if so, giving particulars of any such charge and, so for as practicable, of the amount secured.
- (d) No contingent or other liability of the Bank has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may affect the ability of the Bank to meet its obligation when they fall due.
- (e) At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements of the Bank which would render any amount stated in the respective financial statements misleading.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

### OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

- (f) In the opinion of the Directors:
  - the results of the operations of the Bank during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature; and
  - (ii) there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Bank for the financial year in which this report is made.

### AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Details of auditors' remuneration are set out as below:-

|                     | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Statutory audit     | 245                   | 227                   |
| Other audit related | 5                     | 5                     |
| Non-audit related   | 15                    | 15                    |

## **BUSINESS REVIEW**

## 2022 Results

The Bank's net income for financial year ("FY") 2022 increased by RM0.77 million to RM10.02 million as compared to FY 2021 (decreased from RM13.10 million to RM9.25 million). The increase is due to higher net interest income which increased by RM0.93 million.

The Bank's operating expenses increased from RM12.38 million in FY 2021 to RM13.36 million in FY 2022 (comparable an increase from RM11.88 million in FY 2020 to RM12.38 million in FY 2021).

The Bank records an operating loss before loan loss impairment of RM3.34 million in FY 2022 compared to RM3.12 million in FY 2021. There is a loan net loss impairment charges of RM0.04 million in FY 2022. As the result, the Bank recorded a loss before tax of RM3.38 million in FY 2022 against of RM2.35 million in FY 2021.

Loans and advances as at 31 December 2022 are RM22.98 million or increases by RM6.92 million as compared to 31 December 2021. Deposits from customers are RM49.57 million higher than the previous year and stood at RM137.38 million as at end of December 2022.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

### **Business Outlook for FY 2023**

Malaysia's economy is expected to bounce back in 2023 and the gross domestic product (GDP) is expected to expand a further 4.0 per cent in FY 2023, albeit, a decline in inflationary pressure. However, the real GDP is expected to slow down at 4.7 per cent from earlier forecasted of 5.4 per cent. With this conducive economic environment and given the niche target market segments of the Bank particularly the trade flows between Malaysia and India, which is supported by the positive economic outlook for the Indian economy, the business prospects for the Bank are favourable. In addition, the Bank is also focussing on financing specific segments of the local Small and Medium Enterprises ("SME").

Addition to this, UBI has initiated to takeover 100% from the rest of the shareholder of the Bank. With this, the prospect of venturing into various product and services to our local industries will be supported by the new investment and improvement in IT infrastructures.

The Board is optimistic that the Bank will be able to increase its business volume at a moderate pace in view of the potential business opportunities in the trade financing and SME segments in 2023 and grow its loans and advances and revenue in tandem with this growth.

### STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Bank is committed to high standards of corporate governance and strives to continually improve the governance process and structures and in compliance with Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") revised guidelines on Corporate Governance for Licensed Institutions issued by BNM in August 2016. The Board is pleased to set out below how the Bank has adhered to the BNM guidelines for the financial year ended 31 December 2022.

## THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### Board's Duties and Responsibilities

The Board of Directors ("the Board") is led by the Chairman, who is an Independent Non-Executive Director.

The role of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") are separated to ensure a balance of power and authority, such that no one individual has unfettered powers of decisions.

There are matters specifically reserved for the Board's decision to ensure that the direction and control of the Bank are firmly in hand. The day-to-day conduct of the Bank's business is delegated to the CEO and the full-time employees of the Bank, subject to the authority given.

The objective of the Board is to plan, supervise, identify/manage risks and provide direction and guidance to the management of the Bank to successfully achieve the Bank's goal.

Duties and responsibilities of the Board include:

- (i) Review and adopt long-term and short-term strategic plans for the Bank;
- (ii) Oversee the conduct of the Bank's business to evaluate whether the business is being properly managed;

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

#### THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

### Board's Duties and Responsibilities (continued)

- (iii) Establish comprehensive risk management policies, processes and infrastructure to manage the various types of risks; and
- (iv) Review the adequacy and the integrity of the Bank's internal control systems and management information systems, including systems for compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, directives and guidelines.

The Board also assumes various functions and responsibilities that are required of them by BNM, as specified in guidelines and directives issued by BNM from time to time.

### **Board Composition**

As at 31 December 2022, the board composition was made up of three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors and vacant position of four (4) Directors.

The Board consists of individuals of calibre, with credibility, integrity and the necessary skills, experiences as well as qualification to supervise the management of the business and affairs of the Bank. The Board, as a whole, provides a mixture of core competencies including banking, finance, accounting, economics and business management for effective functioning and discharging of the responsibilities of the Board.

The presence of the three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors provides the necessary checks and balances in the functioning of the Board and facilitates the Board in exercising objective judgement in decision making.

### Appointment to the Board

The appointment and re-appointment of Directors to the Bank's Board had been approved by BNM pursuant to the Financial Services Act, 2013 and in compliance with the guidelines issued by BNM.

In accordance with the Bank's Articles of Association, all newly appointed Directors are subjected to re-election by shareholders at the next Annual General Meeting. The Articles of Association further provides for one-third of the remaining Directors to retire from office by rotation and be subjected to re-election at the Annual General Meeting of the Bank. As guided by BNM's guidelines, reappointment or re-election of Directors are made with the prior approval from BNM.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)** 

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS

A brief profile of each of the Directors is as follows:

## (i) Santhanam Vangal Jagannathan

Mr. Santhanam Vangal Jagannathan is an Indian citizen. He was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director ("INED") since 2 June 2015. Mr. Santhanam Vangal Jagannathan is a professionally qualified Chartered Accountant with 34 years of experience in banking. His banking experiences cover corporate credit, project funding, international banking and commercial banking operations across various assignments in India. His exposure includes holding key positions with Bank of Baroda including that of Chief Executive Officer of Bank of Baroda in United Arab Emirates and Oman. His other notable overseas assignment was in Nairobi, Kenya where he was in-charge of Credit, for the Kenya territory of Bank of Baroda covering 6 branches. He has also served as a Nominee Director on the Board of The Nainital Bank Limited in India, an associate of Bank of Baroda with 120 branches across India, from 1999 to 2002. He also served as a member of the Audit and Human Resource Committees of the Board during this period.

Mr. Santhanam Vangal Jagannathan conducted Head Office inspection of the United Kingdom and Brussels branches of the Bank of Baroda, in addition to performing management audit of the Group Control Office of the Bank of Baroda in London. He is currently a partner in D. Rangaswamy & Co., a leading Chartered Accountants firm in Chennai, India, which is an established firm with a 70-year history and handles statutory audits of leading banking institutions like the Reserve Bank of India and the State Bank of India.

### (ii) Prabhat Kumar

Mr. Prabhat Kumar is an Indian citizen, having residence in Malaysia since 1992. He was newly appointed to the Board as an Independent Non-Executive Director ("INED") on 14 October 2022.

He is qualified Chartered Accountant of Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") and is founder ex-chairman of Malaysia Chapter of ICAI. He is a lead investigator and director of Alliance IFA (M) Sdn. Bhd., a firm specialises in litigation support and forensic accounting. The firm also assists clients in the quantification of economic losses and provides forensic accounting and neutral services.

He has more than 20 years' experience as a forensic accountant, expert witness and a senior compliance and risk professional. His area of expertise also includes setting of ethical guidelines, fraud & corruption investigation, governance and process improvement.

After graduating in accountancy from India, he has qualified as Chartered Accountant by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India in year 1988. He has also completed a diploma in investigative and forensic accounting from the University of Toronto, Canada. He is also a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

### (iii) Goh Ching Chee

Mr. Goh Ching Chee is a Malaysian citizen. He was appointed to the Board as an Independent Non-Executive Director ("INED") of the Bank on 2 October 2017. Mr. Goh is also the Chairman of the Board Risk Management Committee, Audit Committee and Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Bank. He has more than 30 years of experience in banking covering audit, operations, IT, sales and marketing. He started his career in banking with Malayan Banking and moved to Citibank in 1985. He was promoted to Mortgage Business Director in 2008.

Mr. Goh's last position with Citibank was Executive Vice President and the Managing Director for the Mortgage Business for Citibank Malaysia before he left in February 2012. He was also responsible for overseeing the Mortgage Business for Citibank Thailand. He was the longest serving head of Mortgage Business in the Malaysian banking industry as well as the longest serving senior management team member for Citibank Malaysia at the point of his departure.

With more than 30 years in the banking industry, Mr. Goh built Citibank's mortgage business into a sizable portfolio. Mr. Goh led a very successful sales force team focusing on Citibank's core value of providing unrivalled products and services to consumers. He was also responsible for many products and service innovation in the Mortgage and Share Financing business for the banking industry.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

#### FREQUENCY AND CONDUCT OF MEETING

The Board meets on a scheduled basis, at least once in every two (2) months, to review the performance and managements reports and to deliberate various matters which require guidance and approval.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2022, the Board held nine (9) meetings. Details of each Director's attendance at Board Meetings during the financial year are as follows:

| <u>No.</u> | Name of Directors                           | <u>Designation</u>                        | <u>Attendance</u> |
|------------|---|---|-------------------|
| 1          | Mr. Santhanam Vangal Jagannathan (Chairman) | Independent Non-<br>Executive Director    | 9/9               |
| 2          | Datuk Bhupatrai a/l Mansukhlal Premji       | Non-Independent<br>Non-Executive Director | 8/8*              |
| 3          | Mr. Prabhat Kumar                           | Independent Non-<br>Executive Director    | 2/2**             |
| 4          | Mr. Goh Ching Chee                          | Independent Non-<br>Executive Director    | 9/9               |

<sup>\*</sup> Datuk Bhupatrai attended all the Board meetings until his tenure completed on 8 November 2022.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established specialised Board Committees to assist to carry out its responsibilities more effectively and provide oversight over the Bank's operations. These committees are:

- Nomination and Remuneration Committee;
- (ii) Board Risk Management Committee; and
- (iii) Audit Committee.

These committees operate under clearly defined terms of reference approved by the Board and the Board receives reports of their proceedings and deliberations. These committees have the authority to examine certain issues and report back to the Board with their recommendations. Ultimately, the Board is responsible for making the final decision.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Mr. Prabhat Kumar has been appointed effective 14 October 2022 and has been inducted into Board on 18 October 2022.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

## BOARD COMMITTEES (CONTINUED)

#### (i) Nomination and Remuneration Committee

During the financial year, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee held six (6) meetings. The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and attendance of the members at the meeting held during the financial year are as follows:

| <u>No.</u> | <u>Committee Member</u>                  | Designation                               | <u>Attendance</u> |
|------------|--|---|-------------------|
| 1          | Mr. Goh Ching Chee (Chairman)            | Independent Non-Executive<br>Director     | 6/6               |
| 2          | Mr. Santhanam Vangal<br>Jagannathan      | Independent Non-Executive Director        | 6/6               |
| 3          | Datuk Bhupatrai a/l Mansukhlal<br>Premji | Non-Independent<br>Non-Executive Director | 6/6*              |
| 4          | Mr. Prabhat Kumar                        | Independent Non-Executive Director        | 1/1**             |

<sup>\*</sup> Datuk Bhupatrai attended all the NRC meetings until his tenure completed on 8 November 2022,

## Terms of reference - Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee is established to provide a formal and transparent procedure for the appointment of Directors and CEO, as well as the assessment of effectiveness of individual Directors, the Board as a whole and performance of CEO and key senior management officers.

The primary functions of the Nomination Committee include the following:

- (a) Establish the minimum requirements for the Board in terms of required mix of skills, experience, qualification and other core competencies;
- (b) Establish minimum requirements for the CEO;
- (c) Recommend and assess the nominees for directorship, Board Committee members and the CEO;
- (d) Oversee through an annual review of overall composition of the Board in terms of the appropriate size and skills, and the balance between Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors and Non-Independent Directors;

<sup>\*\*</sup> Mr. Prabhat Kumar has been appointed effective 14 October 2022 and has been inducted into Board on 18 October 2022.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

## **BOARD COMMITTEES (CONTINUED)**

(i) Nomination and Remuneration Committee (continued)

Terms of reference - Nomination Committee (continued)

The primary functions of the Nomination Committee include the following (continued):

- (e) Establish a mechanism for the annual assessment on the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and the contribution of each Directors to the effectiveness of the Board, the contribution of the Board's various committees and the performance of the CEO and other key senior management officers; and
- (f) Assess on an annual basis that individual Directors and key senior management officers are not disqualified under Section 59 of the Financial Services Act, 2013 and continue to comply with the standard for "fit and proper" criteria as approved by the Board.

#### Terms of reference - Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee is established to provide a formal and transparent procedure for developing a remuneration policy for the Directors, CEO and key senior management officers and ensuring that compensation is competitive and consistent with the Bank's culture, objectives and strategy.

The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee include the following:

- (a) Recommend a framework of remuneration for Directors, the CEO and other key senior management officers for the Board's approval;
- (b) Review the remuneration package of the Directors, CEO and key senior management officers; and
- (c) Recommend to the Board the proposed overall salary increments and overall annual bonus of the staff.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

### BOARD COMMITTEES (CONTINUED)

## (ii) Board Risk Management Committee

During the financial year, the Board Risk Management Committee held four (4) meetings. The composition of Board Risk Management Committee and attendance of the members at the meetings held during financial year are as follows:

| <u>No.</u> | Committee Member                      | Designation                               | <u>Attendance</u> |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| 1          | Mr. Prabhat Kumar (Chairman)***       | Independent Non-<br>Executive Director    | 2/2**             |
| 2          | Datuk Bhupatrai a/l Mansukhlal Premji | Non-Independent<br>Non-Executive Director | 3/3*              |
| 3          | Mr. Goh Ching Chee****                | Independent Non-<br>Executive Director    | 4/4               |
| 4          | Mr. Santhanam Vangal Jagannathan      | Independent Non-<br>Executive Director    | 4/4               |

<sup>\*</sup> Datuk Bhupatrai attended all the BRMC meetings until his tenure completed on 8 November 2022.

### Terms of reference

The Board Risk Management Committee is established to oversee senior management's activities in managing credit, market, liquidity, operational, legal and other risk and to ensure that the risk management process is in place and functioning.

The primary functions of the Board Risk Management Committee include the following:

- (a) Review and recommend risk management strategies, policies and risk tolerance for the Board's approval;
- (b) Review and assess adequacy of risk management policies and framework in identifying, measuring, monitoring and controlling risk and extent to which these are operating effectively; and
- (c) Review management's periodic reports on risk exposure, risk portfolio composition and risk management activities.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Mr. Prabhat Kumar has been appointed effective 14 October 2022 and has been inducted into Board on 18 October 2022.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Mr. Prabhat Kumar was inducted as Chairman of the Board Risk Management Committee on 18 October 2022.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Mr. Goh Ching Chee was appointed effective 28 March 2023 as the Chairman of the Board Risk Management Committee.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

## BOARD COMMITTEES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Board Risk Management Committee (continued)

## Risk Management Framework

The Bank recognises that risk management is a vital part of the Bank's operations and is critical to achieve continuous growth, profitability and sustainability. The Bank has in place a Risk Management Framework that oversees the management of different risk areas, and the key business risks are credit risk, operational risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

The Board has established the Board Risk Management Committee with the primary objective of overseeing risk management activities of the Bank and recommending appropriate risk management policies and risk measurement parameters.

The guiding risk management principles within which the Bank operates are as follows:

- (a) Clear separation of risk-taking business lines and risk supervising unit.
- (b) Identification and coverage of all relevant risk types in risk management.
- (c) Measure risk in order to monitor and control them thereby enabling the implementation of more effective risk-based strategy and aid in decision making and management of portfolio.
- (d) Development of strong risk culture and continuous improvement of risk management skills throughout the Bank.

The three Lines of Defence concept is used as the primary means to establish and construct roles, responsibilities and accountabilities for decision making, risk and control to achieve effective risk management.

1st Line of Defence: Risk owner or business units, being responsible for day-to-day risk management.

2<sup>nd</sup> Line of Defence: Risk Management Department, being responsible to provide an oversight over process and risk by implementing policies and procedures.

3<sup>rd</sup> Line of Defence: Internal Audit Department, being responsible to provide independent, objective assurance and consulting activities in an effort to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

## BOARD COMMITTEES (CONTINUED)

### (iii) Audit Committee

During the financial year, the Audit Committee held five (5) meetings. The composition of Audit Committee and attendance of the members at the meetings held during financial year are as follows:

| <u>No.</u> | Committee Member                         | <u>Designation</u>                        | <u>Attendance</u> |
|------------|--|---|-------------------|
| 1          | Mr. Goh Ching Chee (Chairman)            | Independent Non-Executive Director        | 5/5               |
| 2          | Mr. Santhanam Vangal<br>Jagannathan      | Independent Non-Executive Director        | 5/5               |
| 3          | Datuk Bhupatrai a/l Mansukhlal<br>Premji | Non-Independent<br>Non-Executive Director | 4/4*              |
| 4          | Mr. Prabhat Kumar***                     | Independent Non-Executive Director        | 2/2**             |

<sup>\*</sup> Datuk Bhupatrai attended all the Audit Committee meetings until his tenure completed on 8 November 2022.

#### Terms of reference

The Audit Committee is established to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities for the financial reporting process and the system of internal control. Their roles and responsibilities include:

- (a) Review of the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control system and risk management processes;
- (b) Oversight of the functions of the Internal Audit Department ("IAD") to ensure it complies with BNM guidelines on Internal Audit Function of Licensed Institutions;
- (c) Review the adequacy of the annual audit plan and all major changes to the plan to ensure that there are no unjustified restrictions or limitations made;
- (d) Review of the scope of the internal audit program, internal audit findings and recommend actions to be taken by management;
- (e) Review of significant accounting and reporting issues, including complex or unusual transactions and highly judgemental areas, and recent professional and regulatory pronouncements, and understand their impact on the financial statements;

<sup>\*\*</sup> Mr. Prabhat Kumar has been appointed effective 14 October 2022 and has been inducted into Board on 18 October 2022.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Mr. Prabhat Kumar was appointed effective 28 March 2023 as the Chairman of the Audit Committee,

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

### BOARD COMMITTEES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Audit Committee (continued)

### <u>Terms of reference</u> (continued)

The Audit Committee is established to assist the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities for the financial reporting process and the system of internal control. Their roles and responsibilities include (continued):

- (f) Review of interim financial reports, the annual financial statements and consider whether they are complete, consistent with information known to Committee members and reflect appropriate accounting principles;
- (g) Selection of external auditors for appointment by the Board;
- (h) Assessment of objectivity, performance and independence of external auditors;
- (i) Review of the external auditors' proposed audit scope and approach;
- (j) Review of the external auditors' management letter and managements' response;
- (k) Approval of the provision of non-audit service by the external auditors; and
- (I) Review any related party transactions that may arise within the Bank.

#### Audit functions

The Internal Audit Department ("IAD") plays a key role in assisting the Audit Committee to oversee that the management has in place a sound system of risk management, internal controls and governance processes. This is achieved through the review of the recommendations for improvements to the current risk management, internal control systems and governance processes to provide reasonable assurance that such systems continue to operate satisfactorily and effectively. In addition, reviews on compliance with established policies, procedures, guidelines and statutory requirements are also carried out.

The Chief Internal Auditor reports functionally to the Audit Committee and administratively to the CEO. The scope of the internal audit covers the audit of all units and operations. It is the responsibility of the IAD to provide the Audit Committee with independent and objective reports on the state of risk management, internal controls and governance processes. The audit reports which provide the results of audits conducted in terms of the risk management of the units, effectiveness of internal controls, compliance with internal and regulatory requirements and overall management of the units are submitted to the Audit Committee for their review.

The Audit Committee reviews and approves the IAD's annual audit plan and human resources requirements to ensure that the function is adequately resourced with competent and proficient internal auditors. The internal audit functions were performed in accordance with the Audit Charter and BNM Guidelines on Internal Audit Function of Licensed Institutions.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

All the Directors have reviewed the Board reports prior to the Board Meetings. Information and materials are duly endorsed by the CEO and the relevant functional heads which are important to the Directors' understanding of the agenda items and related topics and these are distributed in advance prior to the meeting. The Board reports include amongst others, the monthly performance of the Bank, minutes of the various Board and Management Committees, compliance reports and other prevailing regulatory developments as well as economic and business environment updates.

These reports are issued on a timely basis to enable the Directors to obtain further explanation, where necessary, in order to be briefed properly during the meeting.

### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the financial year ended 31 December 2022, the Bank entered into transactions with the Bank's shareholders namely Bank of Baroda, Indian Overseas Bank and Union Bank of India in the normal course of business. The details and nature of the transactions are disclosed in Note 30 of the financial statements.

#### **BANK RATINGS**

The Bank has not been rated by any external rating agencies.

## **AUDITORS**

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146), have expressed their willingness to accept re-appointment as auditors.

This report was approved by the Board of Directors on 25 April 2023.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with their resolution dated 25 April 2023.

PRABHAT KUMAR DIRECTOR

GOH CHING CHEE

Kuala Lumpur 25 April 2023

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

|  | <u>Note</u> | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|--|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ASSETS   |             |                       |                       |
| Cash and short-term funds Deposits and placements with banks | 4           | 50,445                | 33,088                |
| and other financial institutions                             | 5           | 274,586               | 251,954               |
| Financial investments at amortised cost                      | 6           | 106,613               | 106,706               |
| Loans and advances   | 7           | 22,981                | 16,059                |
| Derivative assets  | 8           | · •                   | -                     |
| Other assets   | 9           | 2,692                 | 2,621                 |
| Deferred taxation  | 18          | 232                   | 136                   |
| Tax recoverable  |             | 613                   | 548                   |
| Statutory deposits with Bank Negara Malaysia                 | 10          | 100                   | 100                   |
| Plant and equipment  | 11          | 196                   | 144                   |
| Intangible assets  | 12          | 963                   | 1,682                 |
| Right-of-use assets  | 13          | 1,538                 | 1,604<br>———          |
| TOTAL ASSETS   |             | 460,959               | 414,642               |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY                                       |             |                       |                       |
| Deposits from customers                                      | 14          | 137,380               | 87,814                |
| Derivative liabilities                                       | 15          | -                     | -                     |
| Other liabilities  | 16          | 908                   | 861                   |
| Lease liabilities  | 17          | 1,554                 | 1,567                 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES  |             | 139,842               | 90,242                |
| 0  | 19          | 330,000               | 330,000               |
| Share capital  | 19          | 1,320                 | 1,090                 |
| Regulatory reserves Accumulated losses                       |             | (10,203)              | (6,690)               |
| TOTAL EQUITY OF SHAREHOLDERS                                 |             | 321,117               | 324,400               |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY                                 |             | 460,959               | 414,642               |
| COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES                                | 29          | 17,503                | 19,463                |
|  |             |                       | <del></del>           |

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

|   | <u>Note</u> | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Interest income<br>Interest expense   | 20<br>21    | 10,617<br>(1,392)     | 9,570<br>(1,276)      |
| Net interest income<br>Other operating income   | 22          | 9,225<br>795          | 8,294<br>958          |
| Net income<br>Other operating expenses  | 23          | 10,020<br>(13,361)    | 9,252<br>(12,375)     |
| Write-back of impairment losses<br>of loans and advances<br>Write-back of impairment losses | 25          | (3,341)<br>4          | (3,123)<br>99         |
| on loans commitments and financial guarantees (Allowance for) / Write-back of impairment    | 26          | 5                     | 87                    |
| losses on other financial investments   | 27          | (47)                  | 585                   |
| Loss before taxation<br>Taxation  | 28          | (3,379)<br>96         | (2,352)<br>(301)      |
| LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR /<br>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE<br>FINANCIAL YEAR         |             | (3,283)               | (2,653)               |

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

|  | Share<br><u>capital</u><br>RM'000 | Regulatory<br><u>reserves</u><br>RM'000 | Accumulated<br>losses<br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Balance as at 1 January 2022 *Transfer to regulatory reserves Total comprehensive loss for | 330,000                           | 1,090<br><b>23</b> 0                    | (6,690)<br>(230)                | 324,400<br>-           |
| the financial year   |                                   | -                                       | (3,283)                         | (3,283)                |
| Balance as at 31 December 2022   | 330,000                           | 1,320                                   | (10,203)                        | 321,117                |
| Balance as at 1 January 2021 *Transfer to regulatory reserves Total comprehensive loss for | 330,000                           | 217<br>873                              | (3,164)<br>(873)                | 327,053                |
| the financial year   |                                   |   | (2,653)                         | (2,653)                |
| Balance as at 31 December 2021   | 330,000                           | 1,090                                   | (6,690)                         | 324,400                |

The transfer to regulatory reserves from accumulated losses is made in accordance with BNM's Guidelines on Financial Reporting of which the Bank must maintain, in aggregate, loss allowance for non-credit-impaired exposures and regulatory reserves of no less than 1% of total credit exposures, net of loss allowance for credit-impaired exposures.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

|   | <u>Note</u> | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES              |             |                       |                       |
| Loss before taxation                              |             | (3,379)               | (2,352)               |
| Adjustments for:                                  |             |                       |                       |
| Depreciation of plant and equipment               | 11          | 129                   | 94                    |
| Amortisation of intangible assets                 | 12          | 719                   | 504                   |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets               | 13          | 640                   | 661                   |
| Realised loss on revaluation of                   |             |                       | _                     |
| derivative instruments                            | 22          | -<br>-                | 3                     |
| Interest expense on lease liability               | 21          | 45                    | 63                    |
| Interest income for financial investment at       |             | (2                    | (= 11                 |
| amortised cost                                    | 20          | (3,072)               | (2,153)               |
| Net amortisation of discount for the financial    |             |                       |                       |
| investment at amortised cost                      | 20          | 386                   | 176                   |
| Interest income for money at call and             |             | (0.000)               | (5.1-0)               |
| deposit placements with financial institutions    | 20          | (6,867)               | (6,452)               |
| Allowance for / (Write-back of) impairment losses |             |                       | (=0=)                 |
| on other financial investments                    | 27          | 47                    | (585)                 |
| Write-back of impairment losses on loans          | 00          | (5)                   | (07)                  |
| commitments and financial guarantees              | 26          | (5)                   | (87)                  |
| Write-back of impairment losses of                | 05          | (4)                   | (00)                  |
| loans and advances                                | 25          | (4)                   | (99)                  |
| Operating loss before working capital changes     |             | (11,361)              | (10,227)              |
| (Increase) / Decrease in operating assets         |             |                       |                       |
| Deposits and placements with financial            |             |                       |                       |
| institutions                                      |             | (22,731)              | 31,349                |
| Financial investments at amortised cost           |             | 125                   | 8                     |
| Other assets                                      |             | (71)                  | (1,382)               |
| Loans and advances                                |             | (6,918)               | 16,601                |
| Edding and developed                              |             | (0,010)               | 10,001                |
| Increase / (Decrease) in operating liabilities    |             |                       |                       |
| Deposits from customers                           |             | 49,566                | (13,616)              |
| Other liabilities                                 |             | 50                    | ` 166 <sup>°</sup>    |
|   |             |                       |                       |
| Cash flows generated from operations              |             | 8,660                 | 22,899                |
| Taxation paid                                     |             | (65)                  | (272)                 |
| •   |             |                       |                       |
| Net cash generated from operating activities      |             | 8,595                 | 22,627                |
|   |             |                       |                       |

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

|   | <u>Note</u>    | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000       | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000       |
|---|----------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  |                |                             |                             |
| Purchase of plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Proceed from disposal of plant and equipment Interest income received for financial investments at amortised cost Interest income received for money at call and deposit placements with financial institutions Purchase of financial assets at amortised cost Proceeds of matured financial assets at amortised cost | 11<br>12<br>11 | (183)<br>-<br>2             | (75)<br>(2,046)<br>-        |
|   |                | 3,339                       | 2,240                       |
|   |                | 6,907<br>(65,673)           | 7,298<br>(121,217)          |
|   |                | 65,000                      | 85,000                      |
| Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities  |                | 9,392                       | (28,800)                    |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  |                |                             |                             |
| Repayment of principal lease liabilities  |                | (630)                       | (666)                       |
| Net cash used in financing activities   |                | (630)                       | (666)                       |
| NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND C<br>EQUIVALENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR  | ASH<br>R       | 17,357                      | (6,839)                     |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT<br>BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR   |                | 33,088                      | 39,927                      |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF<br>THE FINANCIAL YEAR   | 4              | 50,445                      | 33,088                      |
| (i) An analysis of changes in liabilities arising from financing activity is as follows:  |                |                             |                             |
|   |                | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000       | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000       |
| At 1 January - Repayment of lease liability - Finance cost - Additions  |                | 1,567<br>(630)<br>45<br>572 | 1,635<br>(666)<br>63<br>535 |
| At 31 December  |                | 1,554                       | 1,567                       |

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

#### 1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

India International Bank (Malaysia) Berhad ("the Bank") commenced commercial banking business on 11 July 2012. The principal activities of the Bank are banking and related financial services.

The address of the registered office and principal place of operation of the Bank is at 15, Jalan Raja Chulan, Bangunan Yee Seng, 50200 Kuala Lumpur.

The Bank is a company limited by shares and is a licensed Bank, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with their resolution on 25 April 2023.

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been used consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements. These accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### A BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements of the Bank have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated in this summary of the significant accounting policies.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires Directors to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Bank's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgement are based on the Directors' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- A BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)
- (a) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective and applicable to the Bank

The Bank has adopted Amendments to MFRS 16 'Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021', Amendments to MFRS 116 'Proceeds before Intended Use', Amendments to MFRS 137 'Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract' and Annual Improvements to MFRS 9 'Fees in the '10 per cent' test for Derecognition of Financial Liabilities' for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 January 2022, which resulted in changes in accounting policies.

# (i) Amendment to MFRS 16 'COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021' ("the 2021 amendment")

During the year, the Bank adopted the 2021 amendments that extended the applicable period of the practical expedient provided by the 2020 amendments to MFRS 16 to cover rent concessions that reduce lease payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022, provided the other conditions for applying the practical expedient are met.

## (ii) Amendments to MFRS 116 'Proceeds before Intended Use'

The amendments prohibit a Bank from deducting from the cost of a property, plant and equipment ("PPE") the proceeds received from selling items produced by the PPE before it is ready for its intended use. The sales proceeds should instead be recognised in profit or loss.

The amendments also clarify that testing whether an asset is functioning properly refers to assessing the technical and physical performance of the property, plant and equipment.

In accordance with the transition provisions, the Bank applied the amendments retrospectively and had no impact on the amounts recognised in the current or prior period as there were no sales of such items produced by PPE made available for use on or after 1 January 2021.

## (iii) Amendments to MFRS 137 'Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract'

The amendments clarify that direct cost of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental cost of fulfilling the contract as well as an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling contracts. Before recognising a separate provision for an onerous contract, the Bank recognises any impairment loss that has occurred on assets used in fulfilling the contract.

The amendments shall be applied to contracts for which the entity has yet to fulfil all its obligations at the date of initial application of 1 January 2022.

These amendments had no impact on the amounts recognised in the current or prior period as the Bank had not identified any contracts as being onerous.

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
  - A BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)
  - (a) <u>Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective and applicable to the Bank (continued)</u>
    - (iv) Annual Improvements to MFRS 9 'Fees in the '10 per cent' test for Derecognition of Financial Liabilities'

The amendment clarifies that only fees paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including the fees paid or received on each other's behalf, are included in the cash flow of the new loan when performing the 10% test for derecognition of financial liabilities.

The Bank applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the date of initial application of 1 January 2022. There were no modifications of financial instruments during the financial year.

The adoption of other amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

(b) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that have been issued but not yet effective and applicable to the Bank

A number of new standards and amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for financial year beginning after 1 January 2022.

(i) Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction' (effective 1 January 2023)

The amendments clarify that the initial exemption rule does not apply to transactions where both an asset and a liability are recognised at the same time such as leases and decommissioning obligations. Accordingly, entities are required to recognise both deferred tax assets and liabilities for all deductible and taxable temporary differences arising from such transactions.

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
  - A BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)
  - (b) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that have been issued but not yet effective and applicable to the Bank (continued)
    - (ii) Amendments to MFRS 101, MFRS Practice Statement 2 and MFRS 108 on disclosure of accounting policies and definition of accounting estimates (effective 1 January 2023)

The amendments to MFRS 101 require companies to disclose material accounting policies rather than significant accounting policies. Entities are expected to make disclosure of accounting policies specific to the entity and not generic disclosures on MFRS applications. The amendment explains an accounting policy is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general-purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

Also, accounting policy information is expected to be material if, without it, the users of the financial statements would be unable to understand other material information in the financial statements. Accordingly, immaterial accounting policy information need not be disclosed. However, if it is disclosed, it should not obscure material accounting policy information.

MFRS Practice Statement 2 was amended to provide guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments to MFRS 108, redefined accounting estimates as "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". To distinguish from changes in accounting policies, the amendments clarify that effects of a change in an input or measurement technique used to develop an accounting estimate is a change in accounting estimate, if they do not arise from prior period errors. Examples of accounting estimates include expected credit losses; fair value of an asset or liability; and depreciation for property, plant and equipment.

(iii) Amendments to MFRS 101 - Classification of liabilities as current or non-current (effective 1 January 2024)

The amendments clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the entity's expectations or events after the reporting date (e.g. the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant).

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
  - A BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)
  - (b) <u>Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that have been issued but</u> not yet effective and applicable to the Bank (continued)
    - (iv) Amendments to MFRS 101 Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants (effective 1 January 2024)

The amendments specify that covenants of loan arrangements which an entity must comply with only after the reporting date would not affect classification of a liability as current or non-current at the reporting date. However, those covenants that an entity is required to comply with on or before the reporting date would affect classification of a liability as current or non-current, even if the covenant is only assessed after the reporting date.

(v) Amendments to MFRS 16 'Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback' (effective 1 January 2024)

The amendments specifies that the measurement of the lease liability arises in a sale and leaseback transaction that satisfies the requirements in MFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' to be accounted for as a sale. In accordance with the amendments, the seller-lessee shall determine the "lease payments" or "revised lease payments" in a way that it does not result in the seller-lessee recognising any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains

The adoption of the above new accounting standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations to existing standards are not expected to give rise to any material financial impact to the Bank.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### B FINANCIAL ASSETS

#### (a) Classification

The Bank classifies its financial assets in the following manner

- Those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss); and
- Those to be measured at amortised costs.

#### (b) Recognition and de-recognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on settlement date, the date on which the Bank settles the commitment to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Bank has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

### (c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Bank measures financial assets at their fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transactions costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are treated as expenses in profit or loss.

### **Debt instruments**

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Bank's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Bank reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

There are three measurement categories into which the Bank classifies its debt instruments:

### (i) Amortised cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in profit and loss using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss. Impairment losses are presented as a separate line item in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- B FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)
- (c) Measurement (continued)

### Debt instruments (continued)

There are three measurement categories into which the Bank classifies its debt instruments (continued):

(ii) Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent SPPI, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in profit and loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in "interest income" using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other operating income and impairment expenses are presented as a separate line item in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(iii) Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. The Bank may also irrevocably designate financial assets at FVTPL if doing so significantly reduces or eliminates a mismatch created by assets and liabilities being measured on different bases. Fair value changes are recognised in profit or loss in the period which it arises.

#### Business model

The business model reflects how the Bank manages the assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, whether the Bank's objectives are solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets or is to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of assets. If neither of these are applicable (e.g. financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified under the "other" business model and measured at FVTPL. Factors considered by the Bank in determining the business model for a group of assets include past experience on how the cash flows for these assets were collected, how the asset's performance is evaluated and reported to key management personnel, how risks are assessed and managed and how managers are compensated. For example, the Bank's business model for the mortgage loan book is to hold to collect contractual cash flows. Another example is the liquidity portfolio of assets, which is held by the Bank as part of liquidity management and is generally classified within the hold to collect and sell business model. Securities held for trading are held principally for the purpose of selling in the near term or are part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking. These securities are classified under the "other" business model and measured at FVTPL.

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)
  - B FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)
  - (c) Measurement (continued)

## Solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI")

Where the business model is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows or to collect contractual cash flows and sell, the Bank assesses whether the financial instruments' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest (the "SPPI test"). In making this assessment, the Bank considers whether the contractual cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement i.e. profit includes only consideration for the time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Where the contractual terms introduce exposure to risk or volatility that are inconsistent with a basic lending arrangement, the related financial asset is classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Equity instruments

The Bank subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Bank's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in FVOCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Bank's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL are recognised in "net gains and losses on financial instruments" in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(d) Subsequent measurement – Impairment

## Impairment for debt instruments and financial guarantee contracts

The Bank assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss ("ECL") associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and at FVOCI and financial guarantee contracts issued. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- B FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)
- (d) Subsequent measurement Impairment (continued)

ECL represents a probability-weighted estimate of the difference between present value of cash flows according to contract and present value of cash flows the Bank expects to receive, over the remaining life of the financial instrument. For financial guarantee contracts, the ECL is the difference between the expected payments to reimburse the holder of the guaranteed debt instrument less any amounts that the Bank expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

### The measurement of ECL reflects:

- an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- the time value of money; and
- reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions.

## General 3-stage approach

At each reporting date, the Bank measures ECL through loss allowance at an amount equal to 12 months ECL if credit risk on a financial instrument or a group of financial instruments has not increased significantly since initial recognition. For all other financial instruments, a loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL is required. Note 33 sets out the measurement details of ECL. The Bank applies 3-stage approach on debt instruments measured at amortised cost, except for those that are under simplified approach, as explained below.

### Simplified approach

The Bank applies MFRS 9 simplified approach to measure ECL which uses a lifetime ECL for other assets.

### Significant increase in credit risk

The Bank considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Bank compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- B FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)
- (d) Subsequent measurement Impairment (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

The following indicators are incorporated:

- Significant changes in internal price indicators of credit risk as a result of changes in credit risk.
- Changes in the rates or terms of an existing instrument if it is assessed as a newly
  originated instrument (example more stringent covenants, increased amounts of
  collateral or guarantees, or higher income coverage) because of changes in the
  credit risk.
- Significant changes in external market indicators of credit risk for a financial instrument.
- Actual or expected significant change in the financial instrument's external credit rating.
- Actual or expected internal credit rating downgrade for the borrower or decrease in behavioural scoring used to assess credit risk internally.
- Existing or forecasted adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change in the borrower's ability to meet its debt obligations (example increase in interest rates, significant increase in unemployment rates).
- An actual or expected significant change in the operating performance of the borrower (example declining revenues or margins, increasing operating risks, working capital deficiencies, decreasing asset quality, increased balance sheet leverage, liquidity, management problems or changes in the scope of business or organisational structure).
- Significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same borrower (example CCRIS rating).
- Actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the borrower that may result in a significant change in the borrower's ability to meet its debt obligations (example decreasing sales).
- Actual or expected significant changes in the value of the collateral supporting the obligation.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- B FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)
- (d) Subsequent measurement Impairment (continued)

## Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

The following indicators are incorporated (continued):

- Actual or expected significant changes in the quality of the third-party guarantee provided.
- Actual or expected significant changes such as reductions in financial support from a parent entity/other affiliate, or in the quality of credit enhancement.
- Expected changes in the loan documentation (example an expected breach of contract that may lead to covenant waivers or amendments, interest payment holidays, interest rate step-ups, requiring additional collateral or guarantees) or other changes to the contractual framework of the instrument.
- Significant changes in the expected behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group of similar instruments.
- Payment delays and past due information.

### Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

The Bank defines a financial instrument as default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of indicators, which include amongst others, the following criteria:

- Failure to make contractual payment more than 90 days or 3 months of when they fall due.
- Borrowers who have ceased business operations.
- Borrowers who have defaulted on the credit facilities with other financial institutions with 3 months or more overdue.

The Bank first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets which are individually significant. If the Bank determines that objective evidence of impairment exists, i.e. credit impaired, for an individually assessed financial asset, a lifetime ECL will be recognised.

Financial assets which are individually significant but non-impaired and not individually significant are grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics (such as credit quality, instrument type, credit risk ratings, credit utilisation, customer types and other relevant factors) for collective assessment.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- B FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)
- (d) Subsequent measurement Impairment (continued)

#### Write off policy

The Bank writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include:

- ceasing enforcement activity; and
- where the Bank's recoveries method is foreclosing on collateral and the value of the collateral is such that there is no reasonable expectation of recovering in full.

### Modification of loan and advances

The Bank sometime renegotiates or otherwise modifies the contractual cash flows of loans to customers. When this happens, the Bank assesses whether or not the new terms are substantially different to the original terms. The Bank does this by considering, among others, the following factors:

- If the borrower is in financial difficulty, whether the modification merely reduces the contractual cash flows to amounts the borrower is expected to be able to pay.
- Whether any substantial new terms are introduced, such as a profit share/equitybased return that substantially affects the risk profile of the loan.
- Significant extension of the loan term when the borrower is not in financial difficulty.
- Significant change in the interest rate.
- Change in the currency the loan and advances is denominated in.
- Insertion of collateral, other security or credit enhancements that significantly affect the credit risk associated with the loan and advances.

If the terms are substantially different, the Bank derecognises the original financial asset and recognises a "new" asset at fair value and recalculates a new effective profit rate for the asset. The date of renegotiation is consequently considered to be the date of initial recognition for impairment calculation purposes, including for the purpose of determining whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred. However, the Bank also assessed whether the new financial asset recognised is deemed to be credit-impaired at initial recognition, especially in circumstances where the renegotiation was driven by the debtor being unable to make the originally agreed payments. Differences in the carrying amount are also recognised in profit or loss as a gain or loss on derecognition.

If the terms are not substantially different, the renegotiation or modification does not result in derecognition, and the Bank recalculates the gross carrying amount based on the revised cash flows of the financial asset and recognises a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. The new gross carrying amount is recalculated by discounting the modified cash flows at the original effective profit rate (or credit-adjusted effective profit rate for purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets).

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- B FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)
- (d) Subsequent measurement Impairment (continued)

## De-recognition other than a modification

Financial assets, or a portion thereof, are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the assets have expired, or when they have been transferred and either:

- the Bank transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, or
- (ii) the Bank neither transfer nor retain substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and the Bank has not retained control.

### (e) Regulatory reserve requirements

Pursuant to BNM's Guidelines on Financial Reporting, the Bank must maintain, in aggregate, stage 1 and 2 provisions and regulatory reserve of no less than 1% of all credit exposures (on and off-balance sheet that are subject to MFRS 9 impairment requirement, excluding exposures to and with an explicit guarantee from the Malaysian Government), net of Stage 3 provision.

## C CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes. Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of 1 month or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

## D PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Plant and equipment are initially stated at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, all plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of an item of plant and equipment initially recognised includes its purchase price and any cost that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

All repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### D PLANT AND EQUIPMENT(CONTINUED)

Plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, summarised as follows:

Office equipment and furniture & fittings 7 years
Motor vehicles 5 years
Computers 3 years
Office renovations 7 years

Residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

#### E INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic useful lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible assets may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each reporting date.

During the year, management has revised the useful life of Intangible assets of the Bank comprise computer software and are amortised over their finite useful lives estimated at 3 – 10 years on a straight-line basis.

Cost associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense as incurred.

Residual values and useful lives of assets are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

#### F !MPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

The impairment loss is charged to profit or loss unless it reverses a previous revaluation, in which case it is charged to the revaluation surplus. Any subsequent increase in recoverable amount is recognised in the income statement unless it reverses an impairment loss on a revalued asset, in which case it is taken to revaluation surplus reserve.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### G PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the management's best estimate of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as finance cost expense.

#### H FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, except for trading liabilities and liabilities designated at fair value, which are held at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial liabilities not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. The only financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are derivative liabilities, see accounting policy O.

Financial liabilities are de-recognised when extinguished.

The Bank's other financial liabilities include deposits from customers, lease liabilities and other liabilities.

Other financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### I ACCOUNTING BY LESSEE

Leases are recognised as right-of-use ('ROU') asset and a corresponding liability at the date on which the leased asset is available for use by the Bank (i.e. the commencement date).

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Bank allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I ACCOUNTING BY LESSEE (CONTINUED)

#### Lease term

In determining the lease term, the Bank considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not to exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not to be terminated).

The Bank reassess the lease term upon the occurrence of a significant event or change in circumstances that is within the control of the Bank and affects whether the Bank is reasonably certain to exercise an option not previously included in the determination of lease term, or not to exercise an option previously included in the determination of lease term. A revision in the lease term results in remeasurement of the lease liabilities. See accounting policy below on reassessment of lease liabilities.

#### ROU assets

ROU assets are initially measured at cost comprising the following:

- The amount of the initial measurement of a lease liability;
- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentive received;
- Any initial direct costs; and
- Decommissioning or restoration costs.

ROU assets that are not investment properties are subsequently measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation, and impairment loss (if any). The ROU assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Bank is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the ROU asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life. In addition, the ROU assets are adjusted for certain remeasurement of the lease liabilities.

### Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments include the following:

- Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentive receivable;
- Variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Amounts expected to be payable by the Bank under residual value guarantees;
- The exercise price of a purchase and extension options if the Bank is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Bank exercising that option.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### I ACCOUNTING BY LESSEE (CONTINUED)

#### Lease liabilities (continued)

Lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing is used. This is the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the ROU in a similar economic environment with similar term, security, and conditions.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Variable lease payments that depend on sales are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the condition that triggers those payments occurs.

The Bank presents the lease liabilities as a separate line item in the statement of financial position. Interest expense on the lease liability is presented within the interest expenses in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### Reassessment of lease liabilities

The Bank is also exposed to potential future increases in variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, which are not included in the lease liability until they take effect. When adjustments to lease payments based on an index or rate take effect, the lease liability is remeasured and adjusted against the ROU assets.

#### Short-term leases and leases of low value assets

Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Payments associated with short-term leases and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line bases as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### J FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACTS AND LOAN COMMITMENTS

Financial guarantee contracts are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Such financial guarantees are given to banks, financial institutions, and others on behalf of customers to secure financing, overdrafts and other banking facilities.

Financial guarantee contracts are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at the higher of:

- The expected credit losses model under MFRS 9
- The premium received on initial recognition less income recognised in accordance with the principles of MFRS 15.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### J FINANCIAL GUARANTEE CONTRACTS AND LOAN COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financing commitments provided by the Bank are measured as the amount of the loss allowance. The Bank has not provided any commitment to provide loans/advances at a below-market interest rate, or one that can be settled net in cash or by delivering or issuing another financial instrument. The loss allowance is recognised as expected credit losses for loan commitments and financial guarantees.

## K RECOGNITION OF INTEREST INCOME, EXPENSES AND FEE AND OTHER INCOME

#### (i) Interest income and interest expense

Interest income and expense for all interest-bearing financial instruments are recognised within "interest income" and "interest expense" in the Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method. The effective interest method is a way of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period.

The effective interest method applies the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial instruments to the net carrying amount of the financial assets or liabilities.

For the credit impaired financial assets, the effective Interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial assets (after deduction of the expected credit losses).

#### (ii) Fee and other income

The Bank earns fees and commissions from a range of products and services provided to its customers. Fees and commissions are recognised as income when all condition precedents are fulfilled.

Guarantee fees are recognised as income based on performance obligations satisfied.

Dividends are recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### L EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### (i) Short-term benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits are recognised as an expense in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Bank.

#### (ii) Defined contribution plans

The Bank's contributions to defined contribution plans are charged to the income statement in the financial year to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Bank has no further payment obligations.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### M FOREIGN CURRENCIES

### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Bank are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank operates (the "functional currency"). These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency. All financial information is presented in RM and has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

#### (ii) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to cash and cash equivalents, deposits and placements with other financial institutions, loans and advances and deposits from customers are presented in the income statement within 'other income'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in the income statement within the same line item as the underlying that gives rise to the translation difference.

The principal exchange rates for every unit of foreign currency ruling at reporting date used are as follows:

|                       | 31 December 2022 | 31 December 2021 |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Indian Dunana         | 0.0500           | 0.0504           |
| Indian Rupees         | 0.0533           | 0.0561           |
| Singapore Dollars     | 3.2819           | 3.0896           |
| United States Dollars | 4.4130           | 4.1760           |
| Euro                  | 4.7038           | 4.7256           |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### N CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAX

Tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred income tax. The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Bank operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit and loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences or unused tax losses can be utilised.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. This liability is measured using the single best estimate of the most likely outcome. Deferred and income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

#### O DERIVATIVES

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair values on the date on which derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair values at the end of each reporting period. Fair values are obtained from quoted market prices in active markets, including recent market transactions, and valuation techniques, including discounted cash flows models. All derivatives are carried as assets when fair values are positive and as liabilities when fair values are negative.

The best evidence of fair value of a derivative at initial recognition is the transaction price (i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received) unless fair value of the instrument is evidenced by comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument (i.e. without modification or repackaging) or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable markets.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### O DERIVATIVES (CONTINUED)

The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged.

As at reporting date, the Bank has not designated any derivative as hedging instruments.

Changes in the fair value of any derivative instrument that does not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in the income statement.

#### P OFFSETTING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is presented in the statements of financial position where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy.

#### Q SHARE CAPITAL

#### Classification

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Other shares are classified as equity and/or liability according to the substance of the contractual arrangement of the particular instrument.

#### Share issue costs

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### Dividend distribution

Liability is recognised for the amount of any dividend declared, being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the Bank, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

Distributions to holders of an equity instrument is recognised directly in equity.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. It also requires management to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Bank's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgements are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from these estimates.

In determining the carrying amounts of some assets and liabilities, the Bank makes assumptions of the effects of uncertain future events on those assets and liabilities at the date of the statement of financial position. The Bank estimates and assumptions are based on historical experiences and expectations of future events and are reviewed periodically. Revision to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates is revised and in any future periods affected.

#### Expected credit losses (ECL)

The measurement of the expected credit loss allowance for financial assets measured at amortised cost is an area that requires the use of complex models and significant assumptions about future economic conditions and credit behaviour (example the likelihood of customers defaulting and the resulting losses). Explanation of the inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques used in measuring ECL is further detailed in Note 33, which also sets out key sensitivities of the ECL to changes in these elements.

A number of significant judgements are also required in applying the accounting requirements for measuring ECL, such as:

- Determining criteria for significant increase in credit risk;
- Choosing appropriate models and assumptions for the measurement of ECL;
- Establishing the number and relative weightings of forward-looking scenarios for each type of product/market and the associated ECL; and
- Establishing groups of similar financial assets for the purposes of measuring ECL.

The forward-looking inputs used in the ECL model have been updated from those as of 31 December 2021 to 31 December 2022.

The on-going COVID-19 impact has directly and indirectly impacted the global economy, markets and the Bank's borrowers and customers. In arriving at the estimated ECL, management judgement and estimation are applied in, amongst others, identifying impaired exposures, estimating the related recoverable cash flows and where applicable, determining the collateral values and timing of realisation. Judgements and assumptions in respect of these matters have been updated to reflect the on-going COVID-19 impact.

In particular, the Bank has incorporated estimates, assumptions and judgements in the measurement of ECL in the forward-looking macroeconomic assumptions and probability-weighted scenarios by including the on-going COVID-19 impacts and recognising the continuous uncertainties in the market. The sensitivity effect on the macroeconomic variable is further disclosed in Note 33B to the financial statements.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 4 CASH AND SHORT-TERM FUNDS

|   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions                                     | 5,601                 | 4,384                 |
| Money at call and deposit placements<br>maturing within one month<br>Less: Expected Credit Losses | 44,844                | 28,704                |
| -Stage 1  | <u>*</u> *            | *                     |
|   | 50,445                | 33,088                |

### (i) Movements in expected credit losses for cash and short-term funds are as follows:

|   | 2022<br><u>Stage 1</u><br>12 Months<br>ECL<br>RM'000 | 2021<br><u>Stage 1</u><br>12 Months<br>ECL<br>RM'000 |
|---|--|--|
| At 1 January Financial assets derecognised (other than write-offs) New financial assets originated or purchased | -<br>-<br>-*   | 1<br>(1)<br>_*                                       |
| At 31 December  | _*   | *  |

<sup>\*</sup>The expected credit losses for the new financial assets originated or purchased amount to RM0.46 (2021: RM122).

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 5 DEPOSITS AND PLACEMENTS WITH BANKS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

|   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>R <b>M</b> '000 |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Licensed banks<br>Less: Expected Credit Losses<br>- Stage 1 | 274,645               | 251,954                        |
|   | (59)                  |                                |
|   | 274,586               | 251,954<br>————                |

(i) Movements in expected credit losses for deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions are as follows:

|  | 2022        | 2021      |
|--|-------------|-----------|
|  | Stage 1     | Stage 1   |
|  | 12 Months   | 12 Months |
|  | ECL         | ECL       |
|  | RM'000      | RM'000    |
|  |             |           |
| At 1 January                                 | •           | -         |
| New financial assets originated or purchased | 59          | -         |
| -  |             |           |
| At 31 December                               | 59          | -         |
|  | <del></del> |           |

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 6 FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS AT AMORTISED COST

|                                   | <u>2022</u> | <u>2021</u> |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                   | RM'000      | RM'000      |
| Money market instruments:         |             |             |
| Malaysian Government Securities   | 51,686      | 41,394      |
| Cagamas Bonds                     | 30,094      | 30,056      |
| Private Debt Securities           | 24,842      | 10,247      |
| Negotiable Instrument of Deposits | -           | 25,030      |
| Less: Expected Credit Losses      |             |             |
| - Stage 1                         | (9)         | (21)        |
|                                   | 106,613     | 106,706     |
|                                   |             |             |

(i) Movements in expected credit losses for financial investments at amortised cost are as follows:

|   | 2022      | 2021      |
|---|-----------|-----------|
|   | Stage 1   | Stage 1   |
|   | 12 Months | 12 Months |
|   | ECL       | ECL       |
|   | RM'000    | RM'000    |
| At 1 January  | 21        | 605       |
| Financial assets derecognised (other than write-offs) | (4)       | (61)      |
| New financial assets originated or purchased          | 7         | 21        |
| Changes due to changes in credit risk                 | (15)      | (544)     |
| At 31 December  | 9         | 21        |
|   |           |           |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 7 LOANS AND ADVANCES

| LO, 11 | 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 1 / 11 / 12   |   |                         |
|--------|---|---|-------------------------|
|        |   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000                             | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000   |
| (i)    | By type   |   |                         |
|        | Overdrafts<br>Term loans<br>Trust receipt   | 9,940<br>8,423<br>4,620                           | 7,147<br>4,033<br>4,885 |
|        | Gross loan and advances   | 22,983  | 16,065                  |
|        | Less: Allowance for impairment losses - Expected credit losses                              | (2)   | (6)                     |
|        | Net loans and advances  | 22,981  | 16,059                  |
| (ii)   | The loans and advances are disbursed to the follow  | ving types of customers:<br><u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000   |
|        | Domestic business enterprises - Small medium enterprises - Others  Gross loans and advances | 16,295<br>6,688<br><br>22,983                     | 16,065                  |
| (iii)  | Loans and advances analysed by interest rate sens   | sitivity are as follows:                          |                         |
|        |   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000                             | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000   |
|        | Variable rate<br>- Base rates<br>- Other variable rates                                     | 15,412<br>7,571                                   | 15,229<br>836           |
|        | Gross loans and advances  | 22,983  | 16,065                  |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 7 LOANS AND ADVANCES (CONTINUED)

|      | ,  |                                 |                       |
|------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
|      |  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000           | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
| (iv) | The maturity structure of the loans and advance            | es is as follows:               |                       |
|      | Maturity within  |                                 |                       |
|      | - One to five years  | 21,649                          | 13,489                |
|      | - More than five years                                     | 1,334                           | 2,576                 |
|      | Gross loans and advances                                   | 22,983                          | 16,065                |
|      |  | <del></del>                     |                       |
| (v)  | Loans and advances analysed by their geograp               | phical distribution are as foll | ows:                  |
|      |  | 2022                            | 2021                  |
|      |  | RM'000                          | RM'000                |
|      |  |                                 |                       |
|      | Malaysia<br>- Kuala Lumpur                                 | <b>4,24</b> 2                   | E 651                 |
|      | - Selangor   | 9,040                           | 5,551<br>7,284        |
|      | - Kedah  | 3,013                           | 3,230                 |
|      | Others   | 6,688                           | -                     |
|      | Gross loans and advances                                   | 22,983                          | 16,065                |
|      | order is an a day anos                                     | ====                            | <del></del>           |
| (vi) | Loans and advances analysed by their sector a              | re as follows:                  |                       |
|      |  | 2022                            | 2024                  |
|      |  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000           | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|      |  | TAWOOO                          | TAIN OOD              |
|      | Manufacturing  | 7,673                           | 7,408                 |
|      | Construction   | 1,217                           | 1,268                 |
|      | Wholesale and retail trade, and                            | 4.004                           |                       |
|      | restaurants and hotels Finance, insurance, real estate and | 1,624                           | 3,382                 |
|      | business activities  | 8, <b>49</b> 3                  | 1,150                 |
|      | Education, health and others                               | 3,976                           | 2,857                 |
|      | Gross loans and advances                                   | 22,983                          | 16,065                |
|      |  | <del></del>                     |                       |

(vii) Impaired loans and advances analysed by geographical distribution

There are no impaired loans as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, respectively.

(viii) Impaired loans and advances analysed by sector

There are no impaired loans as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, respectively.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 7 LOANS AND ADVANCES (CONTINUED)

(ix) Movements in expected credit losses for loans and advances are as follows:

|  | Stage 1       | <u>Stage 2</u><br>Lifetime | Stage 3<br>Lifetime |           |
|--|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
|  | 12            | ECL not                    | ECL                 |           |
|  | Months        | credit                     | credit              | ECL Total |
|  | ECL<br>RM'000 | impaired<br>RM'000         | impaired<br>RM'000  | RM'000    |
| At 1 January 2022  | 6             | ~                          | -                   | 6         |
| Changes due to changes in credit<br>risk due to transferred within stages      |               |                            |                     |           |
| - Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)   | -             | -                          | -                   | -         |
| <ul> <li>Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit<br/>impaired (Stage 2)</li> </ul> | (1)           | 1                          | -                   | -         |
| Financial assets derecognised  | -             | -                          | -                   | -         |
| New financial assets originated  | -             | -                          | •                   | •         |
| Changes due to changes in credit risk  | (4)           | _*                         |                     | (4)       |
| At 31 December 2022  | 1             | 1                          |                     | 2         |

<sup>\*</sup>The expected credit losses for changes due to changes in credit risk amount to RM327.

|  | Stage 1  12  Months  ECL  RM'000 | Stage 2<br>Lifetime<br>ECL not<br>credit<br>impaired<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>Lifetime<br>ECL<br>credit<br>impaired<br>RM'000 | ECL Total<br>RM'000 |
|--|----------------------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| At 1 January 2021  | 105                              | •  | -  | 105                 |
| Changes due to changes in credit<br>risk due to transferred within stages      |                                  |  |  |                     |
| - Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)   | -                                | -  | -  | -                   |
| <ul> <li>Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit<br/>impaired (Stage 2)</li> </ul> | -                                | -  | -  | -                   |
| Financial assets derecognised  | (68)                             | -  | -  | (68)                |
| New financial assets originated  | -                                | -  | -  | -                   |
| Changes due to changes in credit risk  | (31)                             | -  | -  | (31)                |
| At 31 December 2021  | 6                                |  |  | 6                   |

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 7 LOANS AND ADVANCES (CONTINUED)

(x) Movements in gross carrying amount of loans and advances that contributed to changes in the expected credit losses are as follows:

|  | <u>Stage 1</u><br>RM'000 | Stage 2<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| At 1 January 2022  | 14,797                   | 1,268             | -                 | 16,065                 |
| Changes due to changes in credit<br>risk due to transferred within stages      |                          |                   |                   |                        |
| - Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)   | -                        | -                 | -                 | -                      |
| <ul> <li>Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit<br/>impaired (Stage 2)</li> </ul> | (3,903)                  | 3,903             | •                 | -                      |
| Financial assets derecognised  | (2,073)                  | -                 | -                 | (2,073)                |
| Write back in respect of full recoveries                                       |                          |                   |                   |                        |
| New financial assets originated  | 6,688                    | -                 | -                 | 6,688                  |
| Changes due to changes in credit risk  | 736                      | 1,567             | -                 | 2,303                  |
| At 31 December 2022  | 16,245                   | 6,738             |                   | 22,983                 |
|  | <u>Stage 1</u><br>RM'000 | Stage 2<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
| At 1 January 2021  | 31,303                   | 1,363             | ~                 | 32,666                 |
| Changes due to changes in credit<br>risk due to transferred within stages      |                          |                   |                   |                        |
| - Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)   | -                        | -                 | -                 | -                      |
| <ul> <li>Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit<br/>impaired (Stage 2)</li> </ul> | -                        | -                 | •                 | -                      |
| Financial assets derecognised  | (12,315)                 | (37)              | -                 | (12,352)               |
| Write back in respect of full recoveries                                       |                          |                   |                   |                        |
| New financial assets originated  | 836                      | -                 | •                 | 836                    |
| Changes due to changes in credit risk  | (5,027)                  | (58)              | -                 | (5,085)                |
| At 31 December 2021  | 14,797                   | 1,268             |                   | 16,065                 |

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 8 DERIVATIVE ASSETS

|   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000  | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000                               |
|---|--|---|
| Derivative assets:<br>Foreign exchange forwards and spots |  |   |
|   | Contract or<br>underlying<br><u>principal amount</u><br>RM'000 | Year end<br>positive<br><u>fair value</u><br>RM'000 |
| 2022  |  |   |
| Foreign exchange forwards and spots                       | 88   |   |
| <u>2021</u>   |  |   |
| Foreign exchange forwards and spots                       |  | -   |

<sup>\*</sup>The fair value of the derivative assets as at year end amounts to RM181 (2021; RM NIL).

#### 9 OTHER ASSETS

|  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Deposits Prepayments Other receivables | 195<br>2,446<br>51    | 202<br>2,418<br>1     |
|  | 2,692                 | 2,621                 |

There are no expected credit losses made on other financial assets during the financial year (2021: RM NIL).

#### 10 STATUTORY DEPOSITS WITH BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

The non-interest bearing statutory deposits are maintained with BNM in compliance with Section 26(2) (c) of the Central Bank of Malaysia Act, 2009. The amount is determined at set percentages of total eligible liabilities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 11 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| <u>e</u>   | Office<br>quipment<br>RM'000 | Computers<br>RM'000  | Motor<br><u>vehicles</u><br>RM'000 | Office<br>renovations<br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM'000      |
|--|------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| 2022   |                              |                      |                                    |                                 |                      |
| Cost   |                              |                      |                                    |                                 |                      |
| At 1 January<br>Additions<br>Disposals                     | 356<br>-<br>-                | 5,128<br>183<br>(11) | 170<br>-<br>-                      | 1,633<br>-<br>-                 | 7,287<br>183<br>(11) |
| At 31 December   | 356                          | 5,300                | 170                                | 1,633                           | 7,459                |
| Accumulated depreciation                                   |                              |                      |                                    |                                 |                      |
| At 1 January<br>Charge for the financial year<br>Disposals | 340<br>5<br>-                | 5,001<br>124<br>(9)  | 170                                | 1,632                           | 7,143<br>129<br>(9)  |
| At 31 December   | 345                          | 5,116                | 170                                | 1,632                           | 7,263                |
| Net book value<br>At 31 December                           | 11                           | 184                  |                                    | 1                               | 196                  |
| 2021   |                              |                      |                                    |                                 |                      |
| Cost   |                              |                      |                                    |                                 |                      |
| At 1 January<br>Additions                                  | 355<br>1                     | 5,054<br>74          | 170                                | 1,633                           | 7,212<br>75          |
| At 31 December   | 356                          | 5,128                | 170                                | 1,633                           | 7,287                |
| Accumulated depreciation                                   |                              |                      |                                    |                                 |                      |
| At 1 January<br>Charge for the financial year<br>Disposals | 335<br>5                     | 4,913<br>88<br>-     | 170<br>-<br>-                      | 1,631<br>1<br>-                 | 7,049<br>94<br>-     |
| At 31 December   | 340                          | 5,001                | 170                                | 1,632                           | 7,143                |
| Net book value<br>At 31 December                           | 16                           | 127                  |                                    | 1                               | 144                  |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 12 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

|   | Computer<br><u>software</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 2022  |                                       |                        |
| Cost  |                                       |                        |
| At 1 January / 31 December                          | 14,727                                | 14,727                 |
| Accumulated amortisation                            |                                       |                        |
| At 1 January<br>Amortisation for the financial year | 13,045<br>719                         | 13,045<br>719          |
| At 31 December                                      | 13,764                                | 13,764                 |
| Net book value At 31 December                       | 963                                   | 963                    |
| <u>2021</u>   |                                       |                        |
| Cost  |                                       |                        |
| At 1 January<br>Addition                            | 12,681<br>2,046                       | 12,681<br>2,046        |
| At 31 December                                      | 14,727                                | 14,727                 |
| Accumulated amortisation                            |                                       |                        |
| At 1 January<br>Amortisation for the financial year | 12,541<br>504                         | 12,541<br>504          |
| At 31 December                                      | 13,045                                | 13,045                 |
| Net book value At 31 December                       | 1,682                                 | 1,682                  |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 13 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

|                |  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000               | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000   |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| At 1 J         | anuary   | 1,604                               | 1,727                   |
| Addit<br>Depre | ions<br>eciation charge for the financial year                             | 574<br>(640)                        | 538<br>(661)            |
| At 31          | December   | 1,538                               | 1,604                   |
| 14 DEPO        | OSITS FROM CUSTOMERS   |                                     |                         |
|                |  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000               | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000   |
| (i)            | By type of deposits  |                                     |                         |
|                | Demand deposits<br>Savings deposits<br>Fixed deposits                      | 20,254<br>389<br>116,737            | 22,321<br>590<br>64,903 |
|                |  | 137,380                             | 87,814                  |
| (ii)           | Maturity structure of fixed deposits is as follows:                        |                                     |                         |
|                | Due within six months<br>Six months to one year<br>One year to three years | 15,362<br>101,314<br><del>6</del> 1 | 16,873<br>47,659<br>371 |
|                |  | 116,737                             | 64,903                  |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 14 DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS (CONTINUED)

|    |             |  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000  | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000                               |
|----|-------------|--|--|---|
|    | (iii)       | The deposits are sourced from the following  | types of customers:  |   |
|    |             | Business enterprises<br>Individuals<br>Foreign entities<br>Non-Bank Financial Institutions<br>Other entities | 16,606<br>1,067<br>115,590<br>3,690<br>427                     | 9,540<br>1,244<br>72,943<br>3,626<br>461            |
|    |             |  | 137,380  | 87,814  |
| 15 | DERIV       | ATIVE LIABILITIES  |  |   |
|    |             |  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000  | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000                               |
|    |             | live liabilities:<br>gn exchange forwards and spots  |  |   |
|    |             |  | Contract or<br>underlying<br><u>principal amount</u><br>RM'000 | Year end<br>negative<br><u>fair value</u><br>RM'000 |
|    | <u>2022</u> |  |  |   |
|    | Foreigr     | n exchange forwards and spots  | 89   | _ <del></del>                                       |
|    | <u>2021</u> |  |  |   |
|    | Foreigr     | n exchange forwards and spots  | -  |   |

<sup>\*</sup>The fair value of the derivative liabilities as at year end amounts to RM114 (2021; RM NIL).

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 16 OTHER LIABILITIES

|   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Accruals Other payables                   | 569<br>338            | 497<br>358            |
| Expected credit loss for loan commitments | 330                   | 330                   |
| and financial guarantees - Note (i)       | 1                     | 6                     |
|   | 908                   | 861                   |

(i) Movements in expected credit losses for loan commitments and financial guarantees are as follows:

|  | Stage 1  12  Months  ECL  RM'000 | Stage 2<br>Lifetime<br>ECL not<br>credit<br>impaired<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>Lifetime<br>ECL<br>credit<br>impaired<br>RM'000 | ECL Total<br>RM'000 |
|--|----------------------------------|--|--|---------------------|
| At 1 January 2022  | 6                                | _  | _  | 6                   |
| Changes due to changes in credit risk due to transferred within stages         |                                  |  |  |                     |
| - Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)   | -                                | -  | -  | -                   |
| <ul> <li>Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit<br/>impaired (Stage 2)</li> </ul> | (1)                              | 1  | -  | -                   |
| Changes due to changes in credit risk  | (4)                              | (1)  | -  | (5)                 |
|  | •                                |  |  |                     |
| At 31 December 2022  | 1                                |  |  | 1                   |
|  | Stage 1  12  Months  ECL  RM'000 | Stage 2<br>Lifetime<br>ECL not<br>credit<br>impaired<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>Lifetime<br>ECL<br>credit<br>impaired<br>RM'000 | ECL Total<br>RM'000 |
| At 1 January 2021  | 93                               | -  | -  | 93                  |
| Changes due to changes in credit risk due to transferred within stages         |                                  |  |  |                     |
| - Transfer to 12-month ECL (Stage 1)   | -                                | -  | -  | -                   |
| <ul> <li>Transfer to lifetime ECL not credit<br/>impaired (Stage 2)</li> </ul> | -                                | -  | -  | -                   |
| Changes due to changes in credit risk  | (87)                             | -  | -  | (87)                |
| At 31 December 2021  | 6                                |  |  | 6                   |

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### LEASE LIABILITIES 17

| LEASE CIABILITIES   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000          | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000      |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Lease liabilities   | 1,554                          | 1,567<br>—————             |
| Scheduled repayment of lease liabilities: - Within one year - One year to three years - More than three years | 568<br>869<br>117<br><br>1,554 | 486<br>803<br>278<br>1,567 |

At 31 December 2022, the short term and low-value leases expenses that are not included in lease liabilities amounted to RM302,400 (2021: RM305,500) and RM5,388 (2021: RM4,371) respectively.

#### **DEFERRED TAXATION** 18

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same tax authority.

| 20:  |   |
|--|---|
| RM'06  | 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| Deferred tax assets 23   | 32 136                                  |
| (b) The gross movement on the deferred taxation account are as follows:  | ws:                                     |
| <u>20;</u><br>RM'0   |   |
| Eddoo IIdaaiii.  | 9 26<br>37 376<br>42 220                |
| Plant and equipment and intangible assets (  | 38 622<br>15) (101)<br>41) (385)        |
| Deferred tax assets (after offsetting)   | 32 136                                  |
| 1 variety of a dark transfer and a second se | 15) (101)<br>41) (385)                  |
| Deferred tax liabilities (after offsetting) (3   | 56) (486)<br>= ———                      |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 18 DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

(c) The movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the financial year comprise the following:

|   | Expected | Provision |                    | Right-of-     | Property<br>plant and<br>equipment<br>and |              |
|---|----------|-----------|--------------------|---------------|---|--------------|
| <u>2022</u>   | credit   | for       | Lease              | Use           | intangible                                |              |
|   | losses   | expenses  | <u>liabilities</u> | _assets       | assets                                    | <u>Total</u> |
| 5.4   | RM'000   | RM'000    | RM'000             | RM'000        | RM'000                                    | RM'000       |
| Deferred tax<br>assets /<br>(liabilities)<br>At 1 January | 26       | 220       | 376                | (205)         | (404)                                     | 126          |
| Credited to statement of income                           | 20       | 220       | 376                | (385)         | (101)                                     | 136          |
| (Note 28)   | (17)     | 22        | (39)               | 44            | 86  | 96           |
| ,   |          |           |                    |               |   |              |
| At 31 December  | 9        | 242       | 337                | (341)         | (15)                                      | 232          |
|   | Expected | Provision |                    | Right-of-     | Property plant and equipment and          |              |
|   | credit   | for       | Lease              | Uses          | intangible                                |              |
| <u>2021</u>   | losses   | expenses  | <u>liabilities</u> | <u>assets</u> | assets                                    | <u>Total</u> |
| Deferred tax<br>assets /<br>(liabilities)                 | RM'000   | RM'000    | RM'000             | RM'000        | RM'000                                    | RM'000       |
| At 1 January  | 190      | 170       | 392                | (415)         | (3)                                       | 334          |
| Credited to<br>statement of<br>income                     |          |           |                    |               |   |              |
| (Note 28)   | (164)    | 50        | (16)               | 30            | (98)                                      | (198)        |
|   |          |           |                    |               |   |              |
| At 31 December  | 26       | 220       | 376                | (385)         | (101)                                     | 136          |
|   |          |           |                    |               |   |              |

<sup>(</sup>d) The deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unutilised tax losses and unutilised capital allowances can be utilised.

<sup>(</sup>e) The deductible temporary difference of the Bank for which no deferred tax asset is recognised in the statement of financial position is RM102,306 (2021: RM NIL).

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 18 DEFERRED TAXATION (CONTINUED)

(f) The unutilised tax losses carried forward of the Bank for which no deferred tax asset is recognised in the statement of financial position with its respective year of expiry is shown in the table which is in line with the new Section 44(5F) of the Income Tax Act 1967:

|                    | Year of       |           |
|--------------------|---------------|-----------|
| Year of Assessment | <u>expiry</u> | <u>RM</u> |
| 2021               | 2031          | 1,375,087 |
| 2022               | 2032          | 1,571,403 |
|                    |               |           |
|                    |               | 2,946,490 |
|                    |               |           |

(g) The unutilised capital allowances carried forward of the Bank for which no deferred tax asset is recognised in the statement of financial position is RM1,750,008 (2021: RM1,118,534). Any unabsorbed capital allowances can be carried forward indefinitely to be utilised against income from the same business source.

#### 19 SHARE CAPITAL

|    |   |                                | 2022              |                           | 2021                  |
|----|---|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
|    |   | Number of ordinary shares '000 | RM'000            | Number of ordinary shares | RM'000                |
|    | Issued and fully paid:  | 000                            | 1 1111 333        |                           |                       |
|    | At 1 January / 31 December  | 33,000                         | 330,000           | 33,000                    | 330,000               |
| 20 | INTEREST INCOME   |                                |                   |                           |                       |
|    |   |                                | <u>20</u><br>RM'0 | 0 <u>22</u><br>000        | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|    | Loans and advances  |                                | 1,0               | 064                       | 1,141                 |
|    | Money at call and deposit placements with financial institutions  Financial investments at amortised cost |                                | 6,8<br>3,0        | 867<br>972                | 6,452<br>2,153        |
|    | Net amortisation of premium for financial<br>investments at amortised cost                                |                                | (3                | <b>38</b> 6)              | (176)                 |
|    | Total interest income   |                                | 10,6              | <u> </u>                  | 9,570                 |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 21 INTEREST EXPENSE

|    |   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000         | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000         |
|----|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|    | Deposits and placements of banks<br>and other financial institutions<br>Deposits from customers<br>Lease liabilities            | 3<br>1,344<br>45              | 7<br>1,206<br>63              |
|    | Total interest expenses   | 1,392                         | 1,276                         |
| 22 | OTHER OPERATING INCOME  |                               |                               |
|    |   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000         | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000         |
|    | Commission, fee and other income: Commission Service charges and fees Other Income  | 106<br>237<br>1               | 129<br>228<br>1               |
|    |   | 344                           | 358                           |
|    | Foreign exchange related income: Foreign exchange gain Realised loss on revaluation of derivative instruments                   | 451<br>-                      | 603<br>(3)                    |
|    | Total   | 795                           | 958                           |
| 23 | OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000         | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000         |
|    | Personnel costs (Note a) Marketing expenses (Note b) Establishments costs (Note c) Administration and general expenses (Note d) | 5,091<br>37<br>5,803<br>2,430 | 4,787<br>33<br>5,432<br>2,123 |
|    |   | 13,361                        | 12,375                        |
|    | (a) Personnel costs: - Salaries and allowances - Pension fund contributions - Other staff costs                                 | 3,832<br>509<br>750           | 3,580<br>531<br>676           |
|    |   | 5,091                         | 4,787                         |
|    |   |                               |                               |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 23 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

| (b)               | Marketing expenses: - Advertising and promotion   | 37  | 33   |
|-------------------|---|---|--|
| (c)               | Establishments costs:  Depreciation of plant and equipment  Amortisation of intangible assets  Depreciation of right of use assets  Rental - Office premises  Rental - Data centre and recovery sites and other service agreements  Repair and maintenance  Information technology expenses   | 129<br>719<br>640<br>1<br>321<br>76<br>3,358                          | 94<br>504<br>661<br>1<br>321<br>44<br>3,253                      |
|                   | - Telecommunication charges<br>- Others   | 464<br>95   | 467<br>87<br>————  |
|                   |   | 5,803   | <u>5,432</u>   |
| (d)               | Administration and general expenses:  - Legal and professional fees  - Auditor's remuneration  - Licensing fees  - Directors' remuneration  - Subscriptions  - Transport and travelling  - Postage and stamps  - Security services  - General insurance  - Swift and Rentas charges  - Others | 174<br>245<br>179<br>244<br>726<br>7<br>81<br>159<br>66<br>254<br>295 | 136<br>227<br>178<br>221<br>706<br>64<br>125<br>66<br>245<br>155 |
| The ab            | ove expenditure includes the following statutory discl  | osure:  |  |
|                   |   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000   | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000  |
|                   | ors' remuneration<br>rs' remuneration   | 244   | 221  |
| - Statu<br>- Othe | utory audit<br>er audit related<br>eaudit related   | 245<br>5<br>15  | 227<br>5<br>15   |

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 24 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER ("CEO") AND DIRECTORS

Aggregate remuneration of the CEO and all Directors during the financial year is as follows:

|  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Non-Executive Directors  |                       |                       |
| Fees - Santhanam Vangal Jagannathan - Datuk Bhupatrai a/l Mansukhlal Premji - Goh Ching Chee - Prabhat Kumar | 77<br>71<br>77<br>19  | 75<br>72<br>74        |
|  | 244                   | 221                   |
| <u>Chief Executive Officer</u><br>Jauhari Rajesh Mohan   |                       |                       |
| - Salary - Allowance - Defined contribution plan - Benefit-in-kind   | 136<br>52<br>6<br>41  | 153<br>88<br>16<br>67 |
| Anand Kumar - Salary - Allowance - Defined contribution plan - Benefit-in-kind                               | 38<br>61<br>2<br>17   | -<br>-<br>-           |
|  | 353                   | 324                   |
| Total remuneration   | 597                   | 545                   |
| WRITE-BACK OF EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ON LOANS A  | ND ADVANCES           |                       |
|  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
| 12- month ECL (Stage 1): - Made during the financial year - Written back during the financial year           | -<br>4                | -<br>99               |
| g  | <del>-</del>          | 99                    |
|  | <del></del>           |                       |

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 26 WRITE-BACK OF EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ON LOAN COMMITMENTS AND FINANCIAL GUARANTEES

|   | <u>2022</u> | <u> 2021</u> |
|---|-------------|--------------|
|   | RM'000      | RM'000       |
| Expected credit loss on loans commitments |             |              |
| and financial guarantees                  |             |              |
| 12- month ECL (Stage 1):                  |             |              |
| - Made during the financial year          | -           | -            |
| - Written back during the financial year  | 5           | 87           |
|   |             |              |
|   | 5           | 87           |
|   |             |              |

## 27 (ALLOWANCE FOR) / WRITE-BACK OF EXPECTED CREDIT LOSSES ON OTHER FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

|    |  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|----|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|    | Expected credit loss on cash and short-term funds 12- month ECL (Stage 1):  - Made during the financial year  - Written back during the financial year                         |                       | 1                     |
|    | Expected credit loss on deposits and placements with financial institutions 12- month ECL (Stage 1): - Made during the financial year - Written back during the financial year | (59)                  | -<br>-                |
|    | Expected credit loss on financial investments at amortised cost  12- month ECL (Stage 1):  - Made during the financial year  - Written back during the financial year          | (7)<br>19             | (21)<br>605           |
|    | TWICE IT BOOK GETTING THE INITIAL YEAR   | (47)                  | 585                   |
| 28 | TAXATION   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|    | Malaysian income tax: - Current year - Under provision in prior years  | -                     | -<br>103              |
|    | Deferred tax: - Current year - Over provision in prior years   | 163<br>(67)           | 198                   |
|    | Tax charge for the financial year  | 96                    | 301                   |

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 28 TAXATION (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation between tax charge and the Malaysian tax rate is as follows:

|  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Loss before taxation                                       | (3,379)               | (2,352)               |
| Malaysian income tax:                                      |                       |                       |
| Tax charge at applicable tax rate of 24% (2021: 24%)       | (811)                 | (565)                 |
| Expenses not deductible for tax purposes                   | 444                   | `1 <b>6</b> 5         |
| Business losses for which no deferred tax is recognised    | 378                   | 362                   |
| Capital allowances for which no deferred tax is recognised | 152                   | 236                   |
| (Over) / under provision in prior years                    | (67)                  | 103                   |
| Tax charge for the financial year                          | 96                    | 301                   |
|  |                       |                       |

#### 29 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Bank makes various commitments and incurs certain contingent liabilities with legal recourse to its customers.

The commitments and contingencies constitute the following:

|   | Principal           | Credit<br>equivalent | Risk-<br>weighted |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
|   | amount<br>RM'000    | amount<br>RM'000     | assets<br>RM'000  |
| 2022  |                     |                      |                   |
| Direct credit substitutes   | 1,093               | 1,093                | 741               |
| Transaction-related contingent items Short-term self-liquidating trade-related  | 1,043               | 522                  | 332               |
| contingencies   | 2,289               | 458                  | 323               |
| Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines, with an original maturity of: Exceeding one year |                     |                      |                   |
| Not exceeding one year  | 12, <del>9</del> 01 | 2,580                | 2,557             |
| Derivative financial contracts  |                     |                      |                   |
| Foreign exchange related contracts: - Less than one year  | 177                 |                      |                   |
| - Less than one year  | <del></del>         |                      |                   |
| Total   | 17,503              | 4,653                | 3,953             |

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 29 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

|  |               | Credit        | Risk-         |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|  | Principal     | equivalent    | weighted      |
|  | <u>amount</u> | <u>amount</u> | <u>assets</u> |
|  | RM'000        | RM'000        | RM'000        |
| 2021   |               |               |               |
| Direct credit substitutes  | 2,454         | 2,454         | 1,055         |
| Transaction-related contingent items   | 698           | 349           | 345           |
| Short-term self-liquidating trade-related contingencies  | 1,792         | 358           | 32            |
| Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines, with an original maturity of: Exceeding one year - Not exceeding one year | -<br>14,519   | -<br>2,904    | 1,274         |
| Derivative financial contracts   |               |               |               |
| Foreign exchange related contracts: - Less than one year   |               |               |               |
| Total  | 19,463        | 6,065         | 2,706         |

#### 30 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

### (a) Related parties and relationships

The related parties of, and their relationship with the Bank are as follows:

| Related parties                         | Relationship              |
|---|---------------------------|
| Bank of Baroda                          | Shareholder               |
| Indian Overseas Bank                    | Shareholder               |
| Union Bank of India                     | Shareholder               |
| Bank of Baroda - New York Branch        | Branch of the Shareholder |
| Bank of Baroda - Mumbai Branch          | Branch of the Shareholder |
| Bank of Baroda - Brussels Branch        | Branch of the Shareholder |
| Bank of Baroda - London Branch          | Branch of the Shareholder |
| Bank of Baroda - Singapore Branch       | Branch of the Shareholder |
| Bank of Baroda - Sydney Branch          | Branch of the Shareholder |
| Indian Overseas Bank - Chennai Branch   | Branch of the Shareholder |
| Indian Overseas Bank - Singapore Branch | Branch of the Shareholder |
| Indian Overseas Bank - Bangkok Branch   | Branch of the Shareholder |
| Union Bank of India - Mumbai Branch     | Branch of the Shareholder |

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 30 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

(a) Related parties and relationships (continued)

Key management personnel are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly. The key management personnel include all the Directors of the Bank and certain senior management personnel of the Bank.

#### (b) Significant related party balances

|     |  | <u>2022</u><br>Rм'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|-----|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|     | Amounts due from: Cash and short-term funds with: - Bank of Baroda - Indian Overseas Bank  | 564<br>66             | 2,408<br>35           |
|     | <ul> <li>Union Bank of India</li> <li>Deposits and placements with banks and<br/>other financial institutions</li> <li>Bank of Baroda</li> </ul> | 1<br>60,005           | 16,704                |
|     | Total  | 60,636                | 19,148                |
| (c) | Interest income earned from related parties  |                       |                       |
|     | Interest income earned Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions - Bank of Baroda                                      | 447                   | 2                     |

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 30 SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)

### (d) Key management personnel

The remuneration of certain management personnel who are part of key management personnel included in the income statement was as follows:

|  | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Directors' remuneration  | 244                   | 221                   |
| Short-term employment benefits: Salary and other remuneration Defined contribution plan Benefits-in-kind Allowance | 749<br>70<br>98<br>68 | 550<br>72<br>67<br>42 |
|  | 1,229<br>             | 952                   |

#### 31 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The objective of the Bank's capital management policy is to maintain an adequate level of capital to support business growth strategies under an acceptable risk framework, and to meet its regulatory requirements and market expectations.

The Bank's capital management process involves a careful analysis of the capital requirements to support business growth. The Bank regularly assesses its capital adequacy under various scenarios on a forward-looking perspective for the purpose of capital planning and management to ensure that the capital is at the level suitable for the prevailing business conditions.

The Bank's capital requirements and capital adequacy ratios, in accordance with BNM's revised Risk-Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework ("RWCAF"): Standardised Approach for Credit Risk and Market Risk and Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk are disclosed in Note 32.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 32 CAPITAL ADEQUACY

Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") issued revised guidelines on the capital adequacy framework on 5 February 2020, of which took effect beginning 5 February 2020. The revised guidelines set out the regulatory capital requirements concerning capital adequacy ratios and components of eligible regulatory capital in compliance with Basel III.

The risk-weighted assets of the Bank are computed in accordance with the Capital Adequacy Framework ("Basel II - Risk-Weighted Assets"). The Standardised Approach is applied for Credit and Market Risk, whilst the Basic Indicator Approach is applied for Operational Risk ("Basel II").

The comparative capital adequacy ratios as at 31 December 2022 were based on BNM's Risk-Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework ("RWCAF") which has regulatory capital requirements concerning capital adequacy ratios and components of eligible regulatory capital in compliance.

The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank are as follows:

|   | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Paid-up share capital Accumulated losses       | 330,000<br>(10,203)   | 330,000<br>(6,690)    |
| Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital  | 319,797               | 323,310               |
| Tier 2 capital Stage 1 and 2 ECL Regulatory reserves                        | 71<br>1,320           | 33<br>1,090           |
| Total Tier 2 capital  | 1,391                 | 1,123                 |
| Total capital base  | 321,188               | 324,433               |
| Capital ratios<br>Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Ratio<br>Total Capital Ratio | 254.306%<br>255.412%  | 275.968%<br>276.926%  |

The Bank does not have any innovative, non-innovative, complex or hybrid capital instruments. The breakdown of risk-weighted assets by major category is as follows:

|                            | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Credit risk                | 105,355               | 92,552                |
| Market risk                | 164                   | 218                   |
| Operational risk           | 20,234                | 24,385                |
| Total risk-weighted assets | 125,753               | 117,155               |
|                            | <del></del>           |                       |

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 32 CAPITAL ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

Total risk weighted assets and capital requirements as at 31 December 2022:

| _   | ure Class   | Gross<br>exposures<br>RM'000 | Net<br><u>exposures</u><br>RM'000 | Risk<br>weighted<br><u>assets</u><br>RM'000 | Capital<br>requirements<br>RM'000 |
|-----|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| (a) | Credit Risk   |                              |                                   |   |                                   |
|     | On-balance sheet exposures Sovereigns / Central banks Banks, Development Financial Institutions ("DFIs") and Multilateral Development | 53,863                       | 53,863                            | -   | -                                 |
|     | Banks ("MDBs")  | 337,322                      | 337,322                           | 67,464                                      | 5,397                             |
|     | Corporates  | 62,940                       | 59,671                            | 27,704                                      | 2,216                             |
|     | Other assets  | 6,834                        | 6,834                             | 6,234                                       | 499                               |
|     |   |                              |                                   |   | <del></del>                       |
|     | Total on-balance sheet exposures  | 460,959                      | 457,690                           | 101,402                                     | 8,112                             |
|     | Off-balance sheet exposures Over-the-counter ("OTC") derivatives Credit derivatives Off balance sheet exposures                       |                              | -<br>-                            |   | -                                 |
|     | other than OTC derivatives<br>or credit derivatives   | 4,653                        | 3,953                             | 3,953                                       | 316                               |
|     | Total off-balance sheet exposures   | 4,653                        | 3,953                             | 3,953                                       | 316                               |
|     | Total on and off-balance sheet exposures  | 465,612                      | 461,643                           | 105,355                                     | 8,428                             |
|     |   | Long<br>position             | Short<br>position                 |   |                                   |
| (b) | Market risk   |                              |                                   |   |                                   |
|     | Foreign currency risk   | -                            | 164                               | 164   | 13                                |
| (c) | Operational risk  |                              |                                   | 20,234                                      | 1,619                             |
|     | Total risk weighted assets<br>and capital requirements  |                              |                                   | 125,753                                     | 10,060                            |

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 32 CAPITAL ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

The breakdown of the Bank's credit risk exposures by risk weights is as follows:

|                                  | ·                                      |                              |  |            |                          | Exposures after netting and credit risk mitigation (RM'000) |                        |               |  |                                  |
|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|------------|--------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------|--|----------------------------------|
|                                  | Sovereigns/<br>Central<br><u>banks</u> | Public<br>sector<br>entities | Banks,<br>Development<br>Financial<br>Institutions<br>and MDBs | Corporates | Residential<br>mortgages | Higher<br><u>risk assets</u>                                | Other<br><u>assets</u> | <u>Equity</u> | Total exposures after netting and credit risk mitigation | Total risk<br>weighted<br>assets |
| 31.12.2022<br>Risk weighted      |  |                              |  |            |                          |   |                        |               |  |                                  |
| 0%<br>20%<br>50%                 | 53,8 <b>63</b><br>-                    | -                            | -<br>337,322   | 39,959     | -                        | -   | 600<br>-               | -             | 54,4 <b>6</b> 3<br>377,281                               | -<br>75,456                      |
| 100%                             | -                                      | -                            | -  | 23,665     | -                        | -   | 6,234                  | -             | 29,899   | 29,899                           |
| Total exposures                  | 53,863                                 |                              | 337,322  | 63,624     |                          |   | 6,834                  |               | 461,643  | 105,355                          |
| Risk weighted assets by exposure | -                                      | -                            | 67,464   | 31,657     | -                        | -   | 6,234                  | -             |  | 105,355                          |
| Average risk weight              | _                                      | _                            | 20.00%   | 49.76%     | -                        | -   | 91.22%                 |               |  |                                  |

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 32 CAPITAL ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

Total risk weighted assets and capital requirements as at 31 December 2021:

|   |                     |                     | Risk                    |                        |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| -   | Gross               | Net                 | weighted                | Capital                |
| Exposure Class  | exposures<br>RM'000 | exposures<br>RM'000 | <u>assets</u><br>RM'000 | requirements<br>RM'000 |
| (a) Credit Risk   | RM 000              | RIVI 000            | KINI UUU                | KIVI 000               |
| On-balance sheet exposures Sovereigns / Central banks Banks, Development Financial Institutions ("DFIs") and Multilateral Development | 42,223              | 42,223              | *                       | -                      |
| Banks ("MDBs")  | 309,111             | 309,111             | 61,822                  | 4,946                  |
| Corporates  | 56,343              | 53,516              | 21,289                  | 1,703                  |
| Other assets  | 6,965               | 6,965               | 6,735                   | 539                    |
| Oute, associa   |                     |                     |                         |                        |
| Total on-balance sheet<br>exposures   | 414,642             | 411,815             | 89,846                  | 7,188                  |
| Off-balance sheet exposures Over-the-counter ("OTC") derivatives Credit derivatives Off balance sheet exposures                       | -                   |                     |                         | -                      |
| other than OTC derivatives<br>or credit derivatives   | 6,065               | 2,706               | 2,706                   | 216                    |
| Total off-balance sheet exposures   | 6,065               | 2,706               | 2,706                   | 216                    |
| Total on and off-balance sheet exposures  | 420,707             | 414,521             | 92,552                  | 7,404                  |
|   | Long<br>position    | Short<br>position   |                         |                        |
| (b) Market risk   |                     |                     |                         |                        |
| Foreign currency risk   | 218                 | -                   | 218                     | 17                     |
| (c) Operational risk  |                     |                     | 24,385                  | 1,951                  |
| Total risk weighted assets<br>and capital requirements  |                     |                     | 117,155                 | 9,372                  |

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 32 CAPITAL ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

The breakdown of the Bank's credit risk exposures by risk weights is as follows:

|                                  |  |                              | _  |                   | Exposures after netting and credit risk mitigation (RM'000) |                              |                        |               |  |   |
|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|-------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|--|---|
|                                  | Sovereigns/<br>Central<br><u>banks</u> | Public<br>sector<br>entities | Banks,<br>Development<br>Financial<br>Institutions<br>and MDBs | <u>Corporates</u> | Residential<br>mortgages                                    | Higher<br><u>risk assets</u> | Other<br><u>assets</u> | <u>Equity</u> | Total exposures after netting and credit risk mitigation | Total risk<br>weighted<br><u>assets</u> |
| 31.12.2021<br>Risk weighted      |  |                              |  |                   |   |                              |                        |               |  |   |
| 0%<br>20%                        | 42,223                                 | -                            | -<br>309,111   | -<br>40,284       | -<br>-  | -                            | 230                    | -             | 42,453<br>349,395  | -<br>69,879                             |
| 50%<br>100%                      |  |                              |  | 15,938            |   | -                            | 6,735                  |               | 22,673   | 22,673                                  |
| Total exposures                  | 42,223                                 |                              | 309,111  | 56,222            | -   |                              | 6,965                  |               | 414,521  | 92,552                                  |
| Risk weighted assets by exposure | -                                      | -                            | 61,822   | 23,995            | -   | -                            | 6,735                  | -             |  | 92,552                                  |
| Average risk weight              | -                                      | -                            | 20.00%   | 42.68%            | -   | _                            | 96.70%                 |               |  |   |

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### A Financial risk management objectives and policies

The primary goal of risk management is to ensure that the outcomes of risk-taking activities are predictable and consistent with the Bank's strategies and risk appetite, and there is an appropriate balance between risk and reward in order to maximise shareholder returns.

The Bank's risk management policies define the Bank's risk appetite, set the limits and controls within which the Bank can operate, and reflect the requirements of regulatory authorities.

#### Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk of loss resulting from the failure of a borrower or counterparty to honour its financial or contractual obligations. Credit risk arises both in the Bank's direct lending operations and in its funding, investment and trading activities, where counterparties have repayment or other obligations of the Bank.

Policies for managing credit risk are as per the Bank's Credit Policy are reviewed and approved by the Board on an annual basis. Specific procedures for managing credit risk are determined at the business levels with specific policies and procedures being adapted to different risk environment and business goals including an internal grading system. Credit analysis includes review of facility details, financial and risk analysis.

The credit policy sets out, among other things, the credit risk rating system and associated parameter estimates and the delegation of authority for granting credit. It forms an integral part of enterprise-wide policies and procedures that encompass governance, risk management and control structure. The Bank's credit risk rating system is designed to support the determination of key credit risk parameter estimates which ensure credit and transaction risk.

#### (i) Credit quality of non-retail exposures

Credit decisions are made based upon an assessment of the credit risk of the individual borrower or counterparty. Key factors considered in the assessment include: the borrower's management; the borrower's current and projected financial results and credit statistics; the industry in which the borrower operates; economic trends; and geopolitical risk. The Bank also reviews the credit quality of the credit portfolio across the organisation on a regular basis to assess whether economic trends or specific events may affect the performance of the portfolio.

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### A <u>Financial risk management objectives and policies</u> (continued)

#### Liquidity risk management

Liquidity refers to the ability to meet financial obligations and to fund the growth of assets. Liquidity risk is the risk of not being able to obtain funds at a reasonable price within a reasonable time period to meet obligations as and when they fall due.

The primary tool used for monitoring liquidity is the Bank Negara Malaysia's Liquidity Coverage Ratio Framework ("LCR") with the effective date from 25 August 2016. The LCR is further supplemented with the internal liquidity risk management policies. These policies ensure that the liquidity surplus is within the limit.

The key elements of the Bank's liquidity risk management framework include:

- (i) Sufficient holdings of liquidity assets to support its operations, which can generally be sold or pledged to meet the Bank's obligations; and
- (ii) Liquidity contingency planning.

#### Market risk management

Market risk refers to the risk of loss resulting from changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, market prices and volatilities that arise from the Bank's funding, investment and trading activities.

Market risk arising from trading activities is controlled by marking-to-market the trading positions against their predetermined market risk limits.

The primary categories of market risk for the Bank are:

#### (i) <u>Interest rate risk</u>

Interest rate risk refers to the volatility in net interest income as a result of changes in the levels of interest rate and shifts in the composition of the assets and liabilities. Interest rate exposures in individual currencies are controlled by gap limits. The potential reduction in net interest income from an unfavourable interest rate movement of +/- 100 basis points is prepared and reviewed regularly.

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### A Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Market risk management (continued)

#### (i) <u>Interest rate risk</u> (continued)

The effect of interest rate changes on the market value of investments are monitored closely and mark-to-market valuations are regularly reported to management.

The Bank actively manages interest rate exposures with the objective of enhancing net interest income within established risk tolerances. Interest rate risk arising from the Bank's funding and investment activities is managed in accordance with Board-approved policies and limits, which are designed to control the risk to income and economic value of shareholder's equity. The income limit measures the effect of a specified shift in interest rates on the Bank's annual net income, while the economic value limit measures the impact of a specified change in interest rates on the present value of the Bank's net assets. Interest rate exposures of individual currencies are also controlled by gap limits.

Sensitivity analysis assesses the effect of changes in interest rates on current earning and on the economic value of assets and liabilities.

Gap analysis is used to assess the interest rate sensitivity of the Bank's operations. Under gap analysis, interest rate-sensitive assets, liabilities and derivative instruments are assigned to defined time periods, on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity dates.

#### (ii) Foreign currency exchange risk

Foreign currency exchange risk refers to adverse exchange rate movements on foreign currency positions taken from time to time. Open positions in foreign currency transactions are monitored against predetermined position limits and cut-loss limits.

#### Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, human behavior and systems, or from external events. Operational risk is inherent in each of the Bank's business and key support activities can manifest itself in various ways. These include breakdowns, error, business interruptions and inappropriate behavior of employees, and can potentially result in financial losses and other damage to the Bank.

Operational risks are managed and controlled within the individual business lines and a wide variety of checks and balances to address operational risk have been developed as an important part of the Bank's risk management culture. They include established policies and procedures, internal controls and procedures as well as maintaining back-up procedures for key activities, undertaking contingency planning, regular organisation review and through enforcement of the Bank's guidelines for Business Conduct. These are supported by an independent review by Internal Audit.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### B <u>Credit risk</u>

#### Maximum exposure to credit risk

The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the statement of financial position, including derivative financial instruments.

The maximum exposure is shown gross, without taking account of any collateral held or other credit enhancements.

|   | <u>Note</u> | <u>2022</u><br>RM'000 | <u>2021</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|-------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Assets Cash and short-term funds*                                   | 4           | 49,845                | 32,858                |
| Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions | 5           | 274,586               | 251,954               |
| Financial investments at amortised cost<br>Loans and advances ^     | 6<br>7      | 106,613<br>22,981     | 106,706<br>16,059     |
| Other assets*   | 9           |                       | 203                   |
| Total assets*   |             | <u>454,271</u>        | 407,780               |
| Commitments and contingencies                                       | 29          | 17,503                | 19,463                |
| Total credit exposure   |             | 471,774               | 427,243               |

<sup>^</sup> Net of Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 ECL of RM2,517 (2021; RM6,052).

Where financial instruments are recorded by fair value, the amounts shown above represent the current credit risk exposure but not the maximum risk exposure that could arise in the future as a result of changes in values.

#### <u>Collaterals</u>

The main types of collaterals obtained by the Bank are as follows:

- (a) Fixed deposits
- (b) Residential properties
- (c) Commercial properties

The Bank also accepts non-tangible securities such as support, guarantees from corporate and institutions which are subject to internal guidelines on eligibility.

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes cash in hand and prepayments.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### B Credit risk (continued)

#### Credit risk grades

The Bank allocates each exposure to a credit risk grade based on a variety of data that is determined to be predictive of the risk of default and applying experienced credit judgement. Credit risk grades are defined using qualitative and quantitative factors that are indicative of risk of default. These factors vary depending on the nature of the exposure and the type of borrower.

Credit risk grades are defined and calibrated such that the risk of default occurring increases exponentially as the credit risk deteriorates so, for example, the difference in risk of default between credit risk grades 1 and 2 is smaller than the difference between credit risk grades 2 and 3.

Each exposure is allocated to a credit risk grade at initial recognition based on available information about the customer. Exposures are subject to ongoing monitoring, which may result in an exposure being moved to a different credit risk grade. The monitoring typically takes into consideration a number of relevant factors when identifying and analysing counterparty credit risk. These factors determine the credit rating under the Credit Risk Grading Policy, which considers factors such as competitive position, operating performance, cash flow strength and management strength.

#### Generating the term structure of probability of default

Due to insufficient internal historical data, and a portion of the Bank's customers are closely related to international trading business, the internal ratings of IIBM and its respective Probability-of-Default (PD) rates are derived by benchmarking them to S&P's "Default, Transition, and Recovery: 2021 Annual Global Corporate Default Study and Rating Transition".

Regression analyses were conducted to examine how macroeconomic variables affect the Overall Default Rates (ODR) of the Bank. The methodology took the form of an experimental research design that attempts to establish cause-effect relationships among the variables. It was quantitative in nature and based on both internal and external data. The sampling period of the analyses covers a total of 15 years, starting from year 2007 to 2021.

Lifetime PD estimates cumulative probability of default over the life of an exposure. In order to comply with MFRS 9 requirements, the lifetime PD is calculated based on the PiT PD rates. A transition matrix expresses the probability of remaining in the existing rating class, and the migration to other rating classes.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

#### Generating the term structure of probability of default (continued)

The choice of drivers in the rating system leads to two stylised approaches to PD modelling. The nature of the model is usually determined by the degree of cyclicality in the underlying model drivers.

- A point in time (PIT) probability of default (PD) assesses the likelihood of default at that
  point in time. As it assesses risk at a point in time, the borrower will move up or down
  rating grades through the economic cycle.
- Through the cycle (TTC) PDs, in contrast, predict average default rate performance for a
  particular customer over an economic cycle and ignore short run changes to a customer's
  PD.

The Bank also has adopted a conservative approach for the computation of lifetime PD, i.e. a constant increase in marginal PD. It is assumed that the cumulative PD is unconditional of the prior year marginal PD, which would eventually escalate the ECL.

The 12-month and lifetime Exposures at Default ("EADs") are determined based on exposure to a counterparty in the event of a default and at the time of the counterparty's default. This analysis includes the identification and calibration of relationships between changes in default rates and changes in key macro-economic factors include: GDP growth, benchmark interest rates, unemployment rates and others.

The Bank formulates a 'base case' view of the future direction of relevant economic variables as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenarios (see discussion below on incorporation of forward-looking information). The Bank then use these forecasts to adjust its estimates of PDs.

#### Determining whether credit risk has increased significantly

The criteria for determining whether credit risk has increased significantly are based on the overdue account, internal rating process and any potential detection of early warnings.

The credit risk of a particular exposure is deemed to have increased significantly since initial recognition if, based on the Bank's internal ratings drops by 2 notches or account is overdue more than 30 days.

Using its expert credit judgement and, where possible, relevant historical experience, the Bank may determine that an exposure has undergone a significant increase in credit risk based on particular qualitative indicators that it considers are indicative of such and whose effect may not otherwise be fully reflected in its quantitative analysis on a timely basis.

As a backstop, the Bank considers that a significant increase in credit risk occurs no later than when an asset is more than one month in arrears.

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

#### Definition of defaults

The Bank consider a financial asset to be in default when:

- the principal or interest is past due for more than 90 days or 3 months.
- for revolving credit (e.g. overdraft facilities), the facility shall be classified as impaired when the outstanding amount has remained in excess of the approved limit for a period of more than 90 days or 3 months.
- borrowers who have ceased business operations.
- borrowers who have defaulted on the credit facilities with other financial institutions with 3
  months or more overdue.

In assessing whether a borrower is in default, the Bank consider indicators that are:

- qualitative e.g. breaches of covenant;
- quantitative e.g. overdue status and non-payment on another obligation of the same issuer to the Bank; and
- based on data developed internally and obtained from external sources.

Inputs into the assessment of whether a financial instrument is in default and their significance may vary over time to reflect changes in circumstances.

#### Incorporation of forward-looking information

The Bank incorporates forward-looking information into both its assessment of whether the credit risk of an instrument has increased significantly since its initial recognition and its measurement of ECL. The Bank uses an equal weightage for three different potential future economic scenarios i.e. Good, Bad, and Base. For the development of the PD model, the Bank implements a 2-Sigma Rule which is an empirical rule stating that, for many reasonably symmetric unimodal distributions, approximately 95% of the population lies within two standard deviations (STD) of the mean.

Understanding the risk or probability of a credit loss when incorporating the possibility that a scenario uses weighted probability, even if the possibility of a credit loss occurring is low, can help inform the likelihood of incurring loss. The scenario-based analysis incorporates forward-looking information into the impairment estimation using multiple forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Bank has performed ECL sensitivity assessment on financial assets based on changes in the macroeconomic variables, which are the gross domestic product (GDP) and Imports Year-on-Year (Imports YoY), while all other variables remain unchanged. The sensitivity factors used are assumptions based on parallel shifts in the key variables to project the impact on the ECL of the Bank.

The outlines the effect of ECL on the changes in the key variable used while other variables remain constant:

| 2022 GDP GDP Imports Imports     | +300bps<br>-300bps<br>+300bps<br>+300bps<br>-300bps | (Decrease) / Increase in ECL<br>RM'000<br>(13)<br>18<br>(9)<br>12 |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| 2021                             | Changes   | (Decrease) / Increase in ECL<br>RM'000                            |
| GDP<br>GDP<br>Imports<br>Imports | +100bps<br>-100bps<br>+100bps<br>-100bps            | (3)<br>3<br>(2)<br>2  |

#### Measurement of expected credit losses ("ECL")

The Bank uses three categories for financial instruments at amortised cost for recognising ECL.

| Category            | Definition  | Basis for recognising     |
|---------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Performing accounts | For instruments that are performing and<br>do not show any deterioration in credit<br>rating since initial recognition. | 12-month ECL<br>(Stage 1) |

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

Measurement of expected credit losses ("ECL") (continued)

The Bank uses three categories for financial instruments at amortised cost for recognising ECL. (continued)

| Category                 | Definition  | Basis for<br>recognising                              |
|--------------------------|---|---|
| Underperforming accounts | <ul> <li>Internal credit rating downgrade of issuer/borrower by at least 2 notches</li> <li>Bankruptcy proceeding initiated against the issuer/borrower</li> <li>An external credit rating downgrade of issuer by at least 2 notches and those classified below the "investment grade" rating</li> <li>Payments that are more than 30 days but less than 90 days past due</li> <li>Adverse CCRIS record with other Banks where the borrower's credit facilities have overdues that are between 1 to 2 months but less than 3 months (as more than 3 months overdue would imply that the customer will be classified as impaired)</li> <li>Borrowers that are included in the Bank's credit monitoring watch list except for accounts that are in the watch list where the dues are less than 30 days</li> </ul> | Lifetime ECL –<br>non-credit<br>impaired<br>(Stage 2) |

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

Measurement of expected credit losses ("ECL") (continued)

The Bank uses three categories for financial instruments at amortised cost for recognising ECL. (continued)

| Category          | Definition  | Basis for recognising                    |
|-------------------|---|--|
| Impaired accounts | Issuers/borrowers that are classified as impaired/non-performing Issuer has ceased business operations For Private Debt Securities, the obligations are classified as impaired when the coupon payments have defaulted When the principal and/or interest are past due for more than 90 days Entities have defaulted on the credit facilities with other financial institutions with 3 months or more overdue Company/borrower ceased business operations | Lifetime ECL – credit impaired (Stage 3) |
| Write-Off         | Loans and the related impairment allowances are normally written-off, either partially or in full, in the case of an unsecured portion of the loan, when there is no realistic prospect of further recovery; and in the case of secured balances, after the proceeds from the realisation of security have been received.   | Asset is write-<br>off                   |

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

- 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)
- B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

Measurement of expected credit losses ("ECL") (continued)

The key inputs into the measurement of ECL are the term structure of the following variables:

- PD
- LGD
- EAD

These parameters are generally derived from externally developed statistical models and other historical data. They are adjusted to reflect forward-looking information as described above.

PD estimates are estimates at a certain date, which are calculated based on statistical rating models, and assessed using rating tools tailored to the various categories of counterparties and exposures. These statistical models are based on externally developed by consultant compiled data comprising both quantitative and qualitative factors.

LGD is the magnitude of the likely loss if there is a default. The Bank estimates LGD parameters based on the on-book customers in the credit portfolio. The proposed LGD approach is a collateral-based approach which is based on assessing how much of the collateral is recoverable on repossession and sale. LGD estimates are recalibrated for different economic scenarios. They are calculated on a discounted cash flow basis using the effective interest rate as the discounting factor.

EAD represents the expected exposure in the event of a default. The Bank derives the EAD from an estimation of the extent to which Bank may be exposed to a counterparty in the event of a default and at the time of the counterparty's default. The EAD of a financial asset is its gross carrying amount. For lending commitments and financial guarantees, the EAD are higher of maximum approved facility limit or balance sheet outstanding balance.

ECL is determined by projecting the PD, LGD and EAD at each future point on a yearly basis individual exposure and discounting these monthly expected losses back to the reporting date. The discount rate used in the ECL calculation is the original interest rate or an approximation thereof.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

#### Credit risk by credit quality

Quality classification definitions:

Where ECL model is applied, the credit quality of financial instruments subject to credit risk are assessed by reference to the internal rating system adopted by the Bank in 2022 and 2021, as summarised below:

Loans and loans commitments and financial guarantees

| Rating classification | Internal rating/credit grades                  |
|-----------------------|--|
| Good                  | A- or above                                    |
| Satisfactory          | BBB- or lower than A-                          |
| Impaired              | D (by default)                                 |
| No rating             | No rating is available for the ad-hoc borrower |

#### Financial investments at amortised at cost

| Rating classification | External Rating                 |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Investment grade      | RAM – Grade A/P1 or higher      |
|                       | MARC – Grade A/Marc 1 or higher |
| Non-investment grade  | RAM – Below grade A/P1          |
|                       | MARC – Below grade A/Marc 1     |
| impaired              | As per stipulated in SICR       |

Other financial instruments include cash and short term funds, deposits and placements with bank and others, credit quality description can be summarised as follows:

| Rating classification | External Rating                                    |
|-----------------------|--|
| Good                  | S&P - Grade BBB- or higher (overseas placements)   |
|                       | RAM – Grade A- or higher (local placements)        |
| Satisfactory          | S&P - Below grade BBB- (overseas placements)       |
|                       | RAM – Below grade A- (local placements)            |
| lmpaired              | As per stipulated in SICR                          |
| No rating             | This includes exposures under the Standardised     |
|                       | Approach and those where ratings are not available |

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

#### Concentration risk by geographical sectors

Credit risk exposure analysed by country in respect of the Bank's financial assets, including off-balance sheet financial instruments, are set out in the following table. The country exposure analysis is based on the residency of the borrowers and counterparties. In respect of derivatives financial instruments, the amount subject to, and hence disclosed as, credit risk is limited to the current fair value of the instruments that are favourable to the Bank (i.e. assets).

|               |                 | Deposits     |              |           |         |              |               |                 |
|---------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|---------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|
|               |                 | and          |              |           |         |              |               |                 |
|               |                 | placements   |              |           |         |              |               |                 |
|               |                 | with banks   | Financial    |           |         |              |               |                 |
|               | Cash and        | and other    | investments  | Loans     |         | On           | Commitments   | Total           |
|               | short-term      | financial    | at amortised | and       | Other   | balance      | and           | credit          |
|               | funds*          | institutions | cost         | advances^ | assets* | sheet total* | contingencies | <u>exposure</u> |
| <u>2022</u>   | RM'000          | RM'000       | RM'000       | RM'000    | RM'000  | RM'000       | RM'000        | RM'000          |
| Malaysia      | 42,593          | 221,261      | 106,613      | 16,293    | 246     | 387,006      | 17,503        | 404,509         |
| United States | 7,140           |              | -            | -         | -       | 7,140        | -             | 7,140           |
| India         | <sup>′</sup> 57 | -            | -            | 6,688     | -       | 6,745        | -             | 6,745           |
| Europe        | 13              | -            | -            | _         | _       | 13           | -             | 13              |
| Singapore     | _               | 53,325       | •            | •         | _       | 53,325       | -             | 53,325          |
| Others        | 42              | -            | -            | -         | -       | 42           |               | 42              |
|               | 49,845          | 274,586      | 106,613      | 22,981    | 246     | 454,271      | 17,503        | 471,774         |
|               | <del></del>     |              |              |           |         |              |               |                 |

Net of Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 ECL of RM2,517.

Excludes cash in hand and prepayments.

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

Concentration risk by geographical sectors (continued)

|               |               | Deposits<br>and         |                       |                  |                |               |              |                      |                 |
|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------|
|               |               | placements              | F: :- I               |                  |                |               |              |                      |                 |
|               | Cash and      | with banks<br>and other | Financial investments | Loans            |                |               | On           | Commitments          | Total           |
|               | short-term    | financial               | at amortised          | and              | Other          | Derivative    | balance      | and                  | credit          |
|               | <u>funds*</u> | <u>institutions</u>     | cost                  | <u>advances^</u> | <u>assets*</u> | <u>assets</u> | sheet total* | <u>contingencies</u> | <u>exposure</u> |
| <u>2021</u>   | RM'000        | RM'000                  | RM'000                | RM'000           | RM'000         | RM'000        | RM'000       | RM'000               | RM'000          |
| Malaysia      | 13,711        | 251,954                 | 106,706               | 16,059           | 203            | -             | 388,633      | 19,463               | 408,096         |
| United States | 19,069        | -                       | _                     | -                | -              | -             | 19,069       | -                    | 19,069          |
| India         | 46            | -                       | -                     | -                | -              | -             | 46           | -                    | 46              |
| Europe        | 23            | -                       | -                     | •                | -              | -             | 23           | •                    | 23              |
| Others        | 9             | -                       | -                     | -                | -              | -             | 9            | -                    | 9               |
|               | 32,858        | 251,954                 | 106,706               | 16,059           | 203            |               | 407,780      | 19,463               | 427,243         |
|               | <del></del>   |                         |                       |                  |                |               |              |                      |                 |

Net of Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 ECL of RM6,052.

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes cash in hand and prepayments.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

Concentration of risk by economic sectors

|   | Cash and   | Deposits<br>and<br>placements<br>with banks<br>and other | Financial<br>investments | Loans     |         |            | On O           | Commitments  | Total    |
|---|------------|--|--------------------------|-----------|---------|------------|----------------|--------------|----------|
|   | short-term | financial  | at amortised             | and       | Other   | Derivative | balance        | and          | credit   |
|   | funds*     | institutions   | cost                     | advances^ | assets* | assets     | sheet total* c | ontingencies | exposure |
| <u>2022</u>                             | RM'000     | RM'000   | RM'000                   | RM'000    | RM'000  | RM'000     | RM'000         | RM'000       | RM'000   |
| Manufacturing                           | -          | -  | 9,872                    | 7,673     | -       | -          | 17,545         | 16,766       | 34,311   |
| Construction Wholesale and retail trade |            | -  | -                        | 1,217     | -       | -          | 1,217          |              | 1,217    |
| and restaurant and hotel                | s -        | -  | -                        | 1,624     | -       |            | 1,624          | 506          | 2,130    |
| Finance, insurance and re               |            | 074 500  | 45.055                   | 0.404     | 0.40    |            | 070 000        | 207          | 270 420  |
| estate and business<br>Government and   | 49,845     | 274,586  | 45,055                   | 8,491     | 246     | -          | 378,223        | 207          | 378,430  |
| Government Agencies                     | -          | _  | 51,686                   | -         | -       | -          | 51,686         | <b></b>      | 51,686   |
| Education, health and other             | ers -      | -  | -                        | 3,976     | -       | -          | 3,976          | 24           | 4,000    |
|   | 49,845     | 274,586  | 106,613                  | 22,981    | 246     |            | 454,271        | 17,503       | 471,774  |

<sup>^</sup> Net of Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 ECL of RM2,517.

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes cash in hand and prepayments.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

Concentration of risk by economic sectors (continued)

|   | Cash and      | Deposits<br>and<br>placements<br>with banks<br>and other | Financial investments | Loans     | 0.1         |             |                 | Commitments   | Total                  |
|---|---------------|--|-----------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------------|
|   | short-term    | financial  | at amortised          | and       | Other       | Derivative  | balance         | and           | credit                 |
| 2024  | funds*        | institutions   | cost                  | advances^ | assets*     | assets      |                 | contingencies | exposure               |
| <u>2021</u>   | RM'000        | RM'000   | RM'000                | RM'000    | RM'000      | RM'000      | RM'000          | RM'000        | RM'000                 |
| Manufacturing   | -             | -  | -                     | 7,403     | -           | -           | 7,403           | 17,419        | 24,822                 |
| Construction  | -             | -  | -                     | 1,268     | -           | -           | 1,268           | -             | 1,268                  |
| Wholesale and retail trade,<br>and restaurant and hotels<br>Finance, insurance and rea<br>estate and business | -             | -  | -                     | 3,382     | -           | -           | 3,382           | 146           | 3,528                  |
| activities  | 32,858        | 251,954  | 65,312                | 1,150     | 203         | •           | 351,477         | 440           | 351,917                |
| Government and Government Agencies Education, health and othe Others  | -<br>ers<br>- | -  | 41,394                | 2,856     | -<br>-<br>- | -<br>-<br>- | 41,394<br>2,856 | 1,144<br>314  | 41,394<br>4,000<br>314 |
|   | 32,858        | 251,954  | 106,706               | 16,059    | 203         |             | 407,780         | 19,463        | 427,243                |

<sup>^</sup> Net of Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 ECL of RM6,052.

Excludes cash in hand and prepayments.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

#### Credit quality of financial assets

The following table contains an analysis of the credit risk exposure of financial instruments for which an ECL allowance is recognised. The gross carrying amount of financial assets below also represents the Bank's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets.

|                                 |                   |                   |                   | 2022            |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Cash and short-term fuлds*      | Stage 1<br>RM'000 | Stage 2<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM'000 |
| Credit grade:                   |                   |                   |                   |                 |
| Good                            | 42,593            | _                 | -                 | 42,593          |
| Satisfactory                    | 7,252             | _                 | -                 | 7,252           |
| •                               |                   | <del></del>       |                   | <del></del>     |
| Gross cash and short-term funds | 49,845            | -                 | -                 | 49,845          |
| Expected credit losses ("ECL")  |                   |                   |                   | <u>-</u> **     |
| Net cash and short-term funds   | 49,845            |                   |                   | 49,845          |

<sup>\*</sup>Excludes cash in hand.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The expected credit losses amount to RM0.46.

| Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions       | <u>Stage 1</u><br>RM'000 | Stage 2<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000    |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Credit grade:<br>Good<br>Satisfactory                                     | 221,261<br>53,384        | •<br>•            | -                 | 221, <b>262</b><br>53,383 |
| Gross deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions | 274,645                  | -                 | -                 | 274,645                   |
| Expected credit losses ("ECL")  | (59)                     |                   |                   | (59)                      |
| Net deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions   | 274,586                  | _                 |                   | 274,586                   |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

|   |                 |         |              | 2022                   |
|---|-----------------|---------|--------------|------------------------|
| Financial investments at amortised cost | Stage 1         | Stage 2 | Stage 3      | <u>Total</u>           |
| Credit grade:                           | RM'000          | RM'000  | RM'000       | RM'000                 |
| Good                                    | 51,686          | -       | -            | 51,686                 |
| Satisfactory                            | 54,936          |         |              | 54,936                 |
| Gross financial investments at          |                 | •       | •            |                        |
| amortised cost                          | 106,622         | -       | -            | 106,622                |
| Expected credit losses ("ECL")          | (9)             |         |              | (9)                    |
| Net financial investments at            |                 |         |              |                        |
| amortised cost                          | 106,613<br>———— |         |              | 106,613                |
|   |                 |         |              |                        |
| Loans and advances                      | Stage 1         | Stage 2 | Stage 3      | <u>Total</u>           |
|   | RM'000          | RM'000  | RM'000       | RM'000                 |
| Credit grade:<br>Good                   | 0.557           |         |              | 0 557                  |
| Satisfactory                            | 9,557           | 6,738   | -            | 9,557<br><b>6</b> ,738 |
| No rating                               | 6,688           | -       | _            | 6,688                  |
| Impaired                                |                 |         |              | -                      |
| Gross loans and advances                | 16,245          | 6,738   |              | 22,983                 |
| Expected credit losses ("ECL")          | (1)             | (1)     |              | (2)                    |
| Net loans and advances                  | 16,244          | 6,737   | -            | 22,981                 |
|   |                 |         |              |                        |
| Other assets*                           | Stage 1         | Stage 2 | Stage 3      | Total                  |
|   | RM'000          | RM'000  | RM'000       | RM'000                 |
| Credit grade:                           |                 |         |              |                        |
| No rating                               | 246<br>         |         | <del>-</del> | 246                    |
| Other assets                            | 246             | -       | -            | 246                    |
|   |                 |         | <del></del>  |                        |

Excludes prepayments.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

|  |                   |                   |                          | 2022                   |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Loan commitments and financial guarantees  | Stage 1<br>RM'000 | Stage 2<br>RM'000 | <u>Stage 3</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
| Credit grade:<br>Good<br>Satisfactory<br>No rating   | 17,302<br>-<br>-  | -<br>24<br>-      | -                        | 17,302<br>24<br>       |
| Gross loan commitments and financial guarantees<br>Expected credit losses ("ECL")                        | 17,302            | 24                | -                        | 17,326<br>(1)          |
| Net loan commitments and financial guarantees  | 17,301            | 24                |                          | 17,325                 |
|  |                   |                   |                          | 2021                   |
| Cash and short-term funds*   | Stage 1<br>RM'000 | Stage 2<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>RM'000        | Total<br>RM'000        |
| Credit grade:<br>Good<br>Satisfactory  | 13,711<br>19,147  | <u>-</u>          |                          | 13,711<br>19,147       |
| Gross cash and short-term funds<br>Expected credit losses ("ECL")  | 32,858            |                   | -                        | 32,858                 |
| Net cash and short-term funds  | 32,858            | -                 | -                        | 32,858                 |
| *Excludes cash in hand.  **The expected credit losses amount to RM1                                      | 122.              |                   |                          |                        |
| Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions                                      | Stage 1<br>RM'000 | Stage 2<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>RM'000        | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
| Credit grade:<br>Good<br>Satisfactory  | 251,954           | -                 | -                        | 251,954                |
| Gross deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions Expected credit losses ("ECL") | 251,954           | -                 | -                        | 251,954                |
| Net deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions                                  | 251,954           | -                 |                          | 251,954                |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

|  |                          |                   |                   | 2021                   |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Financial investments at amortised cost                                      | Stage 1<br>RM'000        | Stage 2<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM'000        |
| Credit grade:<br>Good<br>Satisfactory  | 41,394<br>65,333         |                   | -                 | 41,394<br>65,333       |
| Gross financial investments at amortised cost Expected credit losses ("ECL") | 106,727<br>(21)          | -<br>-            | -                 | 106,727<br>(21)        |
| Net financial investments at amortised cost                                  | 106,706                  |                   |                   | 106,706                |
| Loans and advances   | <u>Stage 1</u><br>RM'000 | Stage 2<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
| Credit grade: Good Satisfactory No rating Impaired                           | 14,797<br>-<br>-<br>-    | 1,268<br>-<br>-   | **<br>-<br>-      | 14,797<br>1,268<br>-   |
| Gross loans and advances Expected credit losses ("ECL")                      | 14,797<br>(6)            | 1,268             | -                 | 16,065<br>(6)          |
| Net loans and advances   | 14,791                   | 1,268             |                   | 16,059                 |
| Other assets*  Credit grade:   | <u>Stage 1</u><br>RM'000 | Stage 2<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
| No rating  | 203                      | -                 | *                 | 203                    |
| Other assets   | 203                      | -                 |                   | 203                    |

Excludes prepayments.

# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### B <u>Credit risk</u> (continued)

|  |                   |                   |                   | 2021                   |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Loan commitments and financial guarantees                                      | Stage 1<br>RM'000 | Stage 2<br>RM'000 | Stage 3<br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
| Credit grade:<br>Good<br>Satisfactory<br>No rating                             | 19,463<br>-<br>-  |                   |                   | 19,463                 |
| Gross loan commitments and financial guarantees Expected credit losses ("ECL") | 19,463<br>(6)     | -                 |                   | 19,463<br>(6)          |
| Net loan commitments and financial guarantees                                  | 19,457            |                   |                   | 19,457                 |

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### C <u>Liquidity risk</u>

#### Contractual maturity of assets and liabilities

The table below analyses assets and liabilities (including non-financial instruments) of the Bank based on the remaining period to the contractual maturity date in accordance with the requirements of BNM Guidelines on Financial Reporting for Banking Institutions:

| 2022   | Up to<br><u>1 week</u><br>RM'000 | >1 week to<br>1 month<br>RM'000 | >1 - 3<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | >3 - 6<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | >6 - 12<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | Over 1<br><u>year</u><br>RM'000 | No specific<br>maturity<br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| <u>Assets</u>  |                                  |                                 |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                 |                                   |                        |
| Cash and short-term funds Deposits and placements with banks | 50,445                           | -                               | -                                 | -                                 | -                                  | -                               | -                                 | 50,445                 |
| and other financial institutions                             | -                                | -                               | 140,522                           | 80,739                            | 53,325                             | _                               | _                                 | 274,586                |
| Financial investments at amortised cost                      | -                                | 14,967                          | 10,100                            | -                                 | -                                  | 81,546                          | -                                 | 106,613                |
| Loans and advances   | 564                              | 778                             | 10,279                            | 591                               | 9,035                              | 1,734                           | -                                 | 22,981                 |
| Other assets   | -                                | 32                              | 124                               | 121                               | 2,158                              | 11                              | 246                               | 2,692                  |
| Deferred taxation  | -                                | -                               | -                                 | -                                 | -                                  | -                               | 232                               | 232                    |
| Tax recoverable  | -                                | -                               | -                                 | -                                 | -                                  | -                               | 613                               | 613                    |
| Statutory deposits with                                      |                                  |                                 |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                 |                                   |                        |
| Bank Negara Malaysia   | -                                |                                 | -                                 | -                                 | -                                  | -                               | 100                               | 100                    |
| Plant and equipment  | -                                | -                               | -                                 | -                                 | -                                  | -                               | 196                               | 196                    |
| Intangible assets  | -                                | -                               | -                                 | -                                 | -                                  | -                               | 963                               | 963                    |
| Right of use assets  | -                                | 38                              | -                                 | -                                 | 7                                  | 1,493                           |                                   | 1,538                  |
| -<br>-   | 51,009                           | 15,815                          | 161,025                           | 81,451                            | 64,525                             | 84,784                          | 2,350                             | 460,959                |

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### C <u>Liquidity risk</u> (continued)

### Contractual maturity of assets and liabilities (continued)

The table below analyses assets and liabilities (including non-financial instruments) of the Bank based on the remaining period to the contractual maturity date in accordance with the requirements of BNM Guidelines on Financial Reporting for Banking Institutions: (continued)

| <u>2022</u>   | Up to<br><u>1 week</u><br>RM'000 | >1 week to<br>1 month<br>RM'000 | >1 - 3<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | >3 - 6<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | .>6 - 12<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | Over 1<br><u>year</u><br>RM'000 | No specific<br><u>maturity</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000  |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| <u>Liabilities</u>  |                                  |                                 |                                   |                                   |                                     |                                 |  |                         |
| Deposits from customers<br>Other liabilities<br>Lease liabilities | 24,489<br>117                    | 6,884<br>151<br>53              | 2,131<br>421<br>100               | 2,501<br>-<br>142                 | 101,314<br>273                      | 61<br>-<br>986                  | 219<br>-                                 | 137,380<br>908<br>1,554 |
|   | 24,606                           | 7,088                           | 2,652                             | 2,643                             | 101,587                             | 1,047                           | 219                                      | 139,842                 |
| Net liquidity gap   | 26,403                           | 8,727                           | 158,373                           | 78,808                            | (37,062)                            | 83,737                          | 2,131                                    | 321,117                 |

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### C <u>Liquidity risk</u> (continued)

#### Contractual maturity of assets and liabilities (continued)

The table below analyses assets and liabilities (including non-financial instruments) of the Bank based on the remaining period to the contractual maturity date in accordance with the requirements of BNM Guidelines on Financial Reporting for Banking Institutions: (continued)

| <u>2021</u>  | Up to<br><u>1 week</u><br>RM'000 | >1 week to<br>1 month<br>RM'000 | >1 - 3<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | >3 - 6<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | >6 - 12<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | Over 1<br><u>year</u><br>RM'000 | No specific<br><u>maturity</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Assets   |                                  |                                 |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                 |  |                        |
| Cash and short-term funds Deposits and placements with banks | 33,088                           | -                               | -                                 | -                                 | -                                  | **                              | -  | 33,088                 |
| and other financial institutions                             | -                                | -                               | 35,124                            | 111,346                           | 105,484                            | -                               | -  | 251,954                |
| Financial investments at amortised cost                      | 10,247                           | -                               | 45,029                            | _                                 | 10,099                             | 41,331                          | -  | 106,706                |
| Loans and advances   | 186                              | 1,117                           | 2,936                             | 1,648                             | 6,139                              | 4,033                           | -  | 16,059                 |
| Derivative assets  | -                                | 27                              | 144                               | 121                               | 1,764                              | 300                             | <b>26</b> 5                              | 2,621                  |
| Other assets   | -                                | -                               | _                                 | -                                 | -                                  | -                               | 136                                      | 136                    |
| Deferred taxation  | -                                | -                               | _                                 | -                                 | -                                  | -                               | 548                                      | 548                    |
| Tax recoverable  | -                                | -                               | -                                 | -                                 | -                                  | -                               | -  | -                      |
| Statutory deposits with                                      |                                  |                                 |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                 |  |                        |
| Bank Negara Malaysia   | -                                | -                               | -                                 | -                                 | -                                  | -                               | 100                                      | 100                    |
| Plant and equipment  | -                                | -                               | -                                 | -                                 | -                                  | -                               | 144                                      | 144                    |
| Intangible assets  | -                                | -                               | -                                 | -                                 | -                                  | 4.500                           | 1,682                                    | 1,682                  |
| Right of use assets  |                                  |                                 |                                   | 41                                | 60                                 | 1,503<br>                       |  | 1,604                  |
| _  | 43,521                           | 1,144                           | 83,233                            | 113,156                           | 123,546                            | 47,167                          | 2,875<br>————                            | 414,642                |

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### C <u>Liquidity risk</u> (continued)

#### Contractual maturity of assets and liabilities (continued)

The table below analyses assets and liabilities (including non-financial instruments) of the Bank based on the remaining period to the contractual maturity date in accordance with the requirements of BNM Guidelines on Financial Reporting for Banking Institutions: (continued)

|   | Up to<br><u>1 week</u><br>RM'000 | >1 week to<br>1 month<br>RM'000 | >1 - 3<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | >3 - 6<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | >6 - 12<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | Over 1<br><u>year</u><br>RM'000 | No specific<br><u>maturity</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| 2021  |                                  |                                 |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                 |  |                        |
| <u>Liabilities</u>  |                                  |                                 |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                 |  |                        |
| Deposits from customers<br>Other liabilities<br>Lease liabilities | 24,183<br>122                    | 4,214<br>174<br>47              | 9,400<br>343<br>94                | 1,986<br>4<br>130                 | 47,660<br>1<br>216                 | 371<br>-<br>1,080               | 217                                      | 87,814<br>861<br>1,567 |
|   | 24,305                           | 4,435                           | 9,837                             | 2,120                             | 47,877                             | 1,451                           | 217                                      | 90,242                 |
| Net liquidity gap   | 19,216                           | (3,291)                         | 73,396                            | 111,036                           | 75,669<br>————                     | 45,716                          | 2,658                                    | 324,400                |

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## C <u>Liquidity risk</u> (continued)

Contractual maturity of financial liabilities on an undiscounted basis

#### Non-derivative financial liabilities

The tables below analyses the Bank's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period. The amounts disclosed in the tables are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

| <u>2022</u>   | Up to<br><u>1 week</u><br>RM'000 | >1 week to<br>1 month<br>RM'000 | >1 - 3<br>months<br>RM'000 | >3 - 6<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | >6 - 12<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | Over 1<br><u>year</u><br>RM'000 | No specific<br><u>maturity</u><br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM'000         |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| <u>Liabilities</u>  |                                  |                                 |                            |                                   |                                    |                                 |  |                         |
| Deposits from customers<br>Other liabilities<br>Lease liabilities | 24,489<br>117                    | 6,895<br>151<br>58              | 2,138<br>421<br>109        | 2,522<br>-<br>153                 | 104,665<br>-<br>294                | 61<br>-<br>1,032                | 219                                      | 140,770<br>908<br>1,646 |
|   | 24,606                           | 7,104                           | 2,668                      | 2,675                             | 104,959                            | 1,093                           | 219                                      | 143,324                 |

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## C <u>Liquidity risk</u> (continued)

Contractual maturity of financial liabilities on an undiscounted basis (continued)

Non-derivative financial liabilities (continued)

The tables below analyses the Bank's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period. The amounts disclosed in the tables are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. (continued)

| <u>2021</u>   | Up to<br><u>1 week</u><br>RM'000 | >1 week to<br>1 month<br>RM'000 | >1 - 3<br>months<br>RM'000 | >3 - 6<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | >6 - 12<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | Over 1<br><u>year</u><br>RM'000 | No specific<br><u>maturity</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000          |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| <u>Liabilities</u>  |                                  |                                 |                            |                                   |                                    |                                 |  |                                 |
| Deposits from customers<br>Other liabilities<br>Lease liabilities | <b>24,183</b><br>1 <b>22</b>     | 4,218<br>174<br>76              | 9,473<br>343<br>152        | 2,008<br>4<br>216                 | 48,161<br>1<br>386                 | 384<br>1,942                    | 217<br>-                                 | 88,4 <b>2</b> 7<br>861<br>2,772 |
|   | 24,305                           | 4,468                           | 9,968                      | 2,228                             | 48,548                             | 2,326                           | 217                                      | 92,060                          |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### C <u>Liquidity risk</u> (continued)

The following table presents the contractual expiry by maturity of the Bank's commitment and contingencies:

|  | One year<br><u>or less</u><br>RM'000 | Over one<br><u>year</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 2022   |                                      |                                   |                        |
| Direct credit substitutes Transaction related contingent items Short-term self-liquidating trade related | 759<br>1,012                         | 334<br>31                         | 1,093<br>1,043         |
| Contingencies  | 2,289                                | -                                 | 2,289                  |
| Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines                                    | 12,901                               | -                                 | 12,901                 |
|  | 16,961                               | 365                               | 17,326                 |
| <u>2021</u>  |                                      |                                   |                        |
| Direct credit substitutes Transaction related contingent items Short-term self-liquidating trade related | 2,148<br>374                         | 306<br>324                        | 2,454<br>698           |
| contingencies  | 1,792                                | -                                 | 1,792                  |
| Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines                                    | 14,519                               | -                                 | 14,519                 |
|  | 18,833                               | 630                               | 19,463                 |

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## C <u>Liquidity risk</u> (continued)

#### Derivative financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Bank's derivative financial liabilities based on the remaining period from the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

|   | Up to<br><u>1 week</u><br>RM'000 | >1 week to<br>1 month<br>RM'000 | >1 - 3<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | >3 – 6<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | >6 - 12<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | Over 1<br><u>year</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| 2022 Gross-settled derivatives: Foreign exchange forwards and spots:          |                                  |                                 |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                 |                        |
| Receipts<br>Payments  | -<br>177                         | -                               | -                                 | -                                 | -                                  | -                               | 177                    |
| •   | 177                              | -                               | _                                 |                                   |                                    |                                 | 177                    |
| 2021 Gross-settled derivatives: Foreign exchange forwards and spots: Receipts | _                                |                                 |                                   | -                                 | _                                  | -                               | -                      |
| Payments  |                                  |                                 |                                   | <u>-</u>                          |                                    |                                 |                        |
|   |                                  | •                               |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                 |                        |
|   |                                  |                                 |                                   |                                   |                                    |                                 |                        |

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### D <u>Interest rate risk</u>

The following table represents the Bank's financial assets and financial liabilities at carrying amounts as at 31 December 2022:

|   | Non-trading book           |                                  |                                   |                                 |                                  |  |                                  |                 |  |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| <u>2022</u>   | Up to<br>1 month<br>RM'000 | 1 - 3<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | 3 - 12<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | 1 - 5<br><u>years</u><br>RM'000 | Over<br><u>5 years</u><br>RM'000 | Non-<br>interest<br><u>sensitive</u><br>RM'000 | Trading<br><u>book</u><br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM'000 |  |
| <u>Assets</u>   |                            |                                  |                                   |                                 |                                  |  |                                  |                 |  |
| Cash and short-term funds<br>Deposits and placements with banks | 44,844                     | -                                | -                                 | -                               | -                                | 5,601  | -                                | 50,445          |  |
| and other financial institutions                                | -                          | 140,522                          | 134,064                           | -                               | _                                | _  | -                                | 274,586         |  |
| Financial investments at amortised cost                         | 14,967                     | 10,100                           | -                                 | 81,546                          | -                                | -  | -                                | 106,613         |  |
| Loans and advances  | 1,341                      | 21,049                           | 591                               |                                 | -                                | -  | -                                | 22,981          |  |
| Other assets  |                            |                                  |                                   |                                 |                                  | 246  |                                  | 246             |  |
| Total assets  | 61,152                     | 171,671                          | 134,655                           | 81,546                          | _                                | 5,847  | -                                | 454,871         |  |

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Maiaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## D <u>Interest rate risk</u> (continued)

The following table represents the Bank's financial assets and financial liabilities at carrying amounts as at 31 December 2022 (continued):

|   | Non-trading book           |                                  |                                   |                                 |                                  |  |                                  |                         |  |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| <u>2022</u>   | Up to<br>1 month<br>RM'000 | 1 - 3<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | 3 - 12<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | 1 - 5<br><u>years</u><br>RM'000 | Over<br><u>5 years</u><br>RM'000 | Non-<br>interest<br><u>sensitive</u><br>RM'000 | Trading<br><u>book</u><br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM'000         |  |
| <u>Liabilities</u>  |                            |                                  |                                   |                                 |                                  |  |                                  |                         |  |
| Deposits from customers<br>Other liabilities<br>Lease liabilities | 17,542                     | 2,131<br>-<br>-                  | 103,815<br>-<br>-                 | 13,892                          |                                  | 908<br>1,554                                   | -<br>-<br>-                      | 137,380<br>908<br>1,554 |  |
| Total liabilities   | 17,542                     | 2,131                            | 103,815                           | 13,892                          | -                                | 2,462  |                                  | 139,842                 |  |
| On balance sheet-interest rate gap                                | 43,610                     | 169,540                          | 30,840                            | 67,654                          |                                  | 3,385  | <u>-</u>                         | 315,029                 |  |

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 33 FINANCIAŁ RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## D <u>Interest rate risk</u> (continued)

The following table represents the Bank's financial assets and financial liabilities at carrying amounts as at 31 December 2021:

|  | Non-trading book     |                                  |                                   |                                 |                                  |  |                                  |                        |  |
|--|----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| <u>2021</u>  | Up to 1 month RM'000 | 1 - 3<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | 3 - 12<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | 1 - 5<br><u>vears</u><br>RM'000 | Over<br><u>5 years</u><br>RM'000 | Non-<br>interest<br><u>sensitive</u><br>RM'000 | Trading<br><u>book</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |  |
| <u>Assets</u>  |                      |                                  |                                   |                                 |                                  |  |                                  |                        |  |
| Cash and short-term funds Deposits and placements with banks and | 29,179               | -                                | -                                 | -                               | -                                | 3,909  | -                                | 33,088                 |  |
| other financial institutions                                     | _                    | 35,124                           | 216,830                           | -                               | -                                | -  | -                                | 251,954                |  |
| Financial investments at amortised cost                          | 10,247               | 45,029                           | 10,099                            | 41,331                          | -                                | _  | _                                | 106,706                |  |
| Loans and advances   | 856                  | 3,383                            | 7,787                             | 1,457                           | 2,576                            | -  | -                                | 16,059                 |  |
| Derivative assets  | _                    | -                                | -                                 | -                               | -                                | -  | **                               | **                     |  |
| Other assets   |                      |                                  |                                   |                                 |                                  | 203  |                                  | 203                    |  |
| Total assets   | 40,282               | 83,536                           | 234,716                           | 42,788                          | 2,576                            | 4,112  |                                  | 408,010                |  |

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# INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## D <u>Interest rate risk</u> (continued)

The following table represents the Bank's carrying financial assets and financial liabilities at carrying amounts as at 31 December 2021 (continued):

|   | Non-trading book           |                                  |                                   |                                 |                                  |  |                                  |                        |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| <u>2021</u>   | Up to<br>1 month<br>RM'000 | 1 - 3<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | 3 - 12<br><u>months</u><br>RM'000 | 1 - 5<br><u>years</u><br>RM'000 | Over<br><u>5 years</u><br>RM'000 | Non-<br>interest<br><u>sensitive</u><br>RM'000 | Trading<br><u>book</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
| <u>Liabilities</u>  |                            |                                  |                                   |                                 |                                  |  |                                  |                        |
| Deposits from customers<br>Other liabilities<br>Lease liabilities | 28,395                     | 9,403                            | 49,645<br>-<br>-                  | 371<br>-<br>-                   |                                  | 861<br>1,567                                   | -<br>-<br>-                      | 87,814<br>861<br>1,567 |
| Total liabilities   | 28,395                     | 9,403                            | 49,645                            | 371                             |                                  |  | -                                | 90,242                 |
| On balance sheet-interest rate gap                                | 11,887                     | 74,133                           | 185,071                           | 42,417                          | 2,576                            | 1,684  | <u>.</u>                         | 317,768<br>———         |

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### E <u>Market risk</u>

Market risk sensitivity assessment is based on the changes in key variables, such as interest rates and foreign currency rates, while all other variables remain unchanged. The sensitivity factors used are assumptions based on parallel shifts in the key variables to project the impact on the assets and liabilities position of the Bank as at 31 December 2022.

The scenarios used are simplified whereby it is assumed that all key variables for all maturities move at the same time and by the same magnitude and do not incorporate actions that would be otherwise taken by risk management to mitigate the effect of this movement in key variables. In reality, the Bank proactively seeks to ensure that the interest rate risk profile is managed to minimise losses and optimise net revenues.

The following table shows the impact on Net Interest Income and Economic Value of Equity based on a 100 basis points (bps) parallel shift in interest rates at the beginning of the financial year from 1 January for a period of 12 months as follows:-

#### Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis on banking book

|                                    | <u>2022</u>       | <u>2021</u> |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
|                                    | RM'000            | RM'000      |
|                                    | +/- 100 bps       | +/- 100 bps |
| Movement in basis points           | ·                 |             |
| Effect on Net Interest Income      | +/-2 <b>,2</b> 16 | +/-1,762    |
| Effect on Economic Value of Equity | +/-1,948          | +/-1,921    |
|                                    |                   | <del></del> |

As at the reporting date, if interest rate increases/decreases by 100 bps with all the other variables held constant, the Bank's Net Interest Income and Economic Value of Equity would have an impact of RM2.22 million and RM1.95 million respectively for financial year 2022 and RM1.76 million and RM1.92 million respectively for financial year 2021. The assumed movement in basis points for interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the current observed market environment.

#### Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

The Bank is exposed to transactional foreign exchange exposures which are exposures on assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency.

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## E <u>Market risk</u> (continued)

## Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

The table below summarises the financial assets and financial liabilities by currency of the Bank:

| <u>2022</u>   | <u>RM</u><br>RM'000 | <u>USD</u><br>RM'000 | <u>EUR</u><br>RM'000 | Others<br>RM'000 | Total<br>Non<br><u>RM</u><br>RM'000 | Grand<br><u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <u>Assets</u>   |                     |                      |                      |                  |                                     |                                 |
| Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions  Money at call and deposit placements maturing within one month | 4,970<br>38,223     | 519<br>6,621         | 3                    | 109              | 631<br>6,621                        | 5,601<br>44,844                 |
| Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions   | 221,262             | 53,324               | -                    | _                | 53,324                              | 274,586                         |
| Financial investments at amortised cost   | 106,613             | -                    | -                    | -                | -                                   | 106,613                         |
| Loans and advances  | 16,293              | 6,688                | -                    | -                | 6,688                               | 22,981                          |
| Other assets  | 246<br>             |                      |                      |                  | <u>-</u>                            | 246                             |
| Total assets  | 387,607             | 67,152               | 3                    | 109              | 67,264                              | 454,871                         |

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### E <u>Market risk</u> (continued)

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk (continued)

The table below summarises the financial assets and financial liabilities by currency of the Bank (continued):

| <u>2022</u>   | <u>RM</u><br>RM'000    | <u>USD</u><br>RM'000 | EUR<br>RM'000 | Others<br>RM'000 | Total<br>Non<br><u>RM</u><br>RM'000 | Grand<br><u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|------------------------|----------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <u>Liabilities</u>  |                        |                      |               |                  |                                     |                                 |
| Deposits from customers Other liabilities Lease liabilities | 70,073<br>908<br>1,554 | 67,307<br>-<br>-     | -<br>-<br>-   | -<br>-<br>-      | 67,307<br>-<br>-                    | 137,380<br>908<br>1,554         |
| Total liabilities   | 72,535                 | 67,307               | -             |                  | 67,307                              | 139,842                         |
| Net on balance sheet position                               | 315,072                | (155)                | 3             | 109              | (43)                                | 315,029                         |

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## E <u>Market risk</u> (continued)

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk (continued)

The table below summarises the financial assets and financial liabilities by currency of the Bank (continued):

| <u>2021</u><br><u>Assets</u>  | <u>RM</u><br>RM'000 | <u>USD</u><br>RM'000 | <u>EUR</u><br>RM'000 | Others<br>RM'000 | Total<br>Non<br><u>RM</u><br>RM'000 | Grand<br><u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Cash and balances with banks and other financial institutions       | 1,940               | 2,365                | 23                   | 56               | 2,444                               | 4,384                           |
| Money at call and deposit placements maturing within one month      | 12,000              | 16,704               | -                    | -                | 16,704                              | 28,704                          |
| Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions | 251,954             | -                    | -                    | -                | •                                   | 251,954                         |
| Financial investments at amortised cost                             | 106,706             | -                    | -                    | -                | -                                   | 106,706                         |
| Loans and advances  | 16,059              | -                    | -                    | -                | -                                   | 16,059                          |
| Derivative assets   | •                   | -                    | -                    | -                | •                                   | -                               |
| Other assets  | 203                 | -                    | -                    | -                | -                                   | 203                             |
| Total assets  | 388,862             | 19,069               | 23                   | 56               | 19,148                              | 408,010                         |
|   |                     |                      | <del></del>          |                  |                                     |                                 |

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### E Market risk (continued)

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk (continued)

The table below summarises the financial assets and financial liabilities by currency of the Bank (continued):

| <u>2021</u>   | <u>RM</u><br>RM'000    | <u>USD</u><br>RM'000 | <u>EUR</u><br>RM'000 | Others<br>RM'000 | Total<br>Non<br><u>RM</u><br>RM'000 | Grand<br><u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|---|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <u>Liabilities</u>  |                        |                      |                      |                  |                                     |                                 |
| Deposits from customers Other liabilities Lease liabilities | 68,857<br>861<br>1,567 | 18,957<br>-<br>-     | -                    | <u>.</u><br>-    | 18,957<br>-<br>-                    | 87,814<br>861<br>1,567          |
| Total liabilities   | 71,285                 | 18,957               | _                    |                  | 18,957                              | 90,242                          |
| Net on balance sheet position                               | 317,577                | 112                  | 23                   | 56               | 191                                 | 317,768                         |

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### F Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments comprise financial assets, financial liabilities and off-balance sheet financial instruments. Fair value is the amount at which a financial asset could be exchanged or a financial liability settled, between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The information presented herein represents the estimates of fair values as at the balance sheet date.

Where available, quoted and observable market prices are used as the measure of fair values. Where such quoted and observable market prices are not available, fair values are estimated based on a range of methodologies and assumptions regarding risk characteristics of various financial instruments, discount rates, estimates of future cash flows and other factors. Changes in the uncertainties and assumptions could materially affect these estimates and the resulting fair value estimates.

In addition, fair value information for non-financial assets and liabilities are excluded as they do not fall within the scope of MFRS 132 which requires the fair value information to be disclosed. These include fixed assets and intangibles.

A range of methodologies and assumptions had been used in deriving the fair values of the Bank's financial instruments at statement of financial position date.

#### Securities

The Bank uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of securities held:

- Level 1 : quoted prices in active markets for the same instrument (i.e. without modification or repackaging);
- Level 2 : quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities or other valuation techniques for which all significant inputs are based on observable market data; and
- Level 3 : valuation techniques for which any significant inputs are not based on observable market data.

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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

| FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT                            | INUED)                 |                          |                                   |                     |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Fair value of financial instruments (continu               | ıed)                   |                          |                                   |                     |
| The following table shows an analysis of hierarchy:        | securities record      | ed at fair value         | by level of the                   | e fair val          |
| Fair value measurement at end of the fina                  | ncial year using:      |                          |                                   |                     |
|  | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Level 1</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Level 2</u><br>R <b>M</b> '000 | <u>Leve</u><br>RM'( |
| 2022   | , , 233                | , 000                    | 7 1171 000                        |                     |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss      |                        |                          |                                   |                     |
| Derivative assets: - Foreign exchange spots                | _*                     | -                        | _*                                |                     |
| Total assets   |                        |                          |                                   |                     |
| *The fair value of the derivative assets as                | at year end amo        | unts to RM181.           |                                   |                     |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss |                        |                          |                                   |                     |
| Derivative liabilities: - Foreign exchange spots           | **                     | -                        | _*                                |                     |
| Total liabilities  | -                      |                          |                                   |                     |
| *The fair value of the derivative liabilities a            | s at vear end am       | nounts to RM11           | 4.                                |                     |
| <u>2021</u>  | •                      |                          |                                   |                     |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss      |                        |                          |                                   |                     |
| Derivative assets: - Foreign exchange spots                |                        | -                        | -                                 |                     |
| Total assets   | -                      |                          |                                   | _                   |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss |                        | <del></del>              |                                   |                     |
| Derivative liabilities: - Foreign exchange spots           | -                      | -44                      | -                                 |                     |
| Total liabilities  |                        |                          | <u> </u>                          |                     |

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### F Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

### Financial instruments not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Bank's assets and liabilities not measured at fair value at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 but for which fair value is disclosed.

|  | Carrying<br>value<br>RM'000 | Quoted<br>market<br>prices<br>(Level 1)<br>RM'000 | Observable<br>inputs<br>(Level 2)<br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000 |
|--|-----------------------------|---|---|------------------------|
| 2022   |                             |   |   |                        |
| Financial assets   |                             |   |   |                        |
| Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions Financial investments at amortised | 274,586                     | -   | 274,586                                     | 274,586                |
| cost   | 106,613                     | -   | 105,061                                     | 105,061                |
| Loans and advances   | 22,981                      | -   | 22,981<br>24 <del>6</del>                   | 22,981<br>246          |
| Other assets   | 246                         | <del></del>                                       |   |                        |
| Total  | 404,426                     |   | 402,875                                     | 402,875                |
| <u>Financial liabilities</u>   | -                           |   |   |                        |
| Deposits from customers  | 137,380                     | •   | 137,321                                     | 137,321                |
| Other liabilities  | 908                         | •   | 908   | 908                    |
| Total  | 138,288                     |   | 138,229                                     | 138,229                |

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### F Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

### Financial instruments not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Bank's assets and liabilities not measured at fair value at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 but for which fair value is disclosed (continued).

|  | Carrying<br>value<br>RM'000         | Quoted<br>market<br>prices<br>( <u>Level 1)</u><br>RM'000 | Observable<br>inputs<br>( <u>Level 2)</u><br>RM'000 | <u>Total</u><br>RM'000              |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| <u>2021</u>  |                                     |   |   |                                     |
| Financial assets   |                                     |   |   |                                     |
| Deposits and placements with banks<br>and other financial institutions<br>Financial investments at amortised<br>cost<br>Loans and advances<br>Other assets | 251,954<br>106,706<br>16,059<br>203 | -<br>-<br>-   | 251,954<br>106,019<br>16,059<br>203                 | 251,954<br>106,019<br>16,059<br>203 |
| Total  | 374, <b>9</b> 22                    |   | 374,235   | 374,235                             |
| <u>Financial liabilities</u>   |                                     |   |   |                                     |
| Deposits from customers<br>Other liabilities   | 87,814<br>861                       | -   | 8 <b>7</b> ,475<br>861                              | 87,475<br>861                       |
| Total  | 88,675                              |   | 88,336  | 88,336                              |

#### Financial instruments not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed

The fair values are based on the following methodologies and assumptions:

## Deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions

For deposits and placements with banks and other financial institutions with maturities of less than six months, the carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value. For deposits and placements with maturities of six months and above, the estimated fair value is based on discounted cash flows using prevailing money market rates at which similar deposits and placements would be made with financial institutions of similar credit risk and remaining period to maturity.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### F Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

Financial instruments not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed (continued)

The fair values are based on the following methodologies and assumptions (continued):

#### Financial investments

The estimated fair value is generally based on quoted and observable market prices. Where there is no ready market in certain securities, the Bank establishes fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

#### Other assets

The fair value of other assets approximates the carrying value less impairment allowance at the statement of financial position date.

#### Loans and advances

For variable rate loans and advances, the carrying value is generally a reasonable estimate of fair value.

For fixed rate loans and advances with maturities of six months or more, the fair value is estimated by discounting the estimated future cash flows using the prevailing market rates of loans and advances with similar credit risks and maturities.

The fair values of impaired variable and fixed rate loans and advances are represented by their carrying value, net of expected credit losses, being the expected recoverable amount.

#### Deposits from customers

For deposits from customers with maturities of less than one year, the carrying amounts are a reasonable estimate of their fair value. For deposit with maturities of one year or more, fair values are estimated using discounted cash flows based on prevailing market rates for similar deposits from customers.

## Deposits and placements of banks and other financial institutions

The estimated fair values of deposits and placements of banks and other financial institutions with maturities of less than six months approximate the carrying values. For deposits and placements with maturities of six months or more, the fair values are estimated based on discounted cash flows using prevailing money market rates for deposits and placements with similar remaining period to maturities.

| Registration N | o. |
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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 34 OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

### Financial assets

The following financial assets are subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

|                             | Gross amounts<br>of recognised | Gross amounts<br>of recognised<br>financial<br>assets set<br>off in the<br>statement of | Net amounts of financial assets presented in the statement of financial | Related amounts statement of f | not set off in the<br>inancial position<br>Cash<br>collateral | Net              |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|---|------------------|
|                             | financial assets<br>RM'000     |   | position<br>RM'000  | Instruments<br>RM'000          | received<br>RM'000  | amount<br>RM'000 |
| 2022                        |                                |   |   |                                |   |                  |
| Derivative financial assets | *                              |   | -*  | -                              | -   | *                |
| <u>2021</u>                 |                                |   |   |                                |   |                  |
| Derivative financial assets |                                |   |   |                                |   |                  |

<sup>\*</sup>The fair value of the derivative assets as at year end amounts to RM181.

| Registration | No. |
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## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

## 34 OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

#### Financial liabilities

The following financial liabilities are subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

|                                  | Gross amounts<br>of recognised<br><u>financial liabilities</u><br>RM'000 |   | Net amounts of financial liabilities presented in the statement of financial position RM'000 | Related amounts r<br>statement of fir<br>Financial<br>Instruments<br>RM'000 | not set off in the nancial position  Cash collateral paid RM'000 | Net<br><u>amount</u><br>RM'000 |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|--------------------------------|
| 2022                             |  |   |  |   |  |                                |
| Derivative financial liabilities | _*   |   | _*   |   |  | _*                             |
| <u>2021</u>                      |  |   |  |   |  |                                |
| Derivative financial liabilities |  | - |  |   |  | -                              |

<sup>\*</sup>The fair value of the derivative liabilities as at year end amounts to RM114.

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

#### 34 OFFSETTING FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

For the financial assets and liabilities subject to enforceable master netting arrangements or similar arrangements above, each agreement between the Bank and the counterparty allows for net settlement of the relevant financial assets and liabilities when both elect to settle on a net basis. In the absence of such an election, financial assets and liabilities will be settled on a gross basis, however, each party to the master netting agreement or similar agreement will have the option to settle all such amounts on a net basis in the event of default includes failure by the other party to make payment when due; failure by a party to perform any obligation required by the agreement (other than payment) if such failure is not remedied within periods of 30 to 60 days after notice of such failure is given to the party; or bankruptcy.

#### 35 SEGMENT INFORMATION

There is no segmental information as the Bank only has one reportable segment, which is its banking operation in Malaysia.

#### 36 SIGNIF!CANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Union Bank of India ("UBI") which currently has a 25% shareholding in the Bank, is in the process of buying out the stakes of Bank of Baroda (40% shareholding) and Indian Overseas Bank (35% shareholding) and to convert the current joint venture into a 100% subsidiary of UBI.

The proposed transaction has been approved by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"), and is currently awaiting BNM's approval, and subsequently from the Malaysian Ministry of Finance. UBI has submitted the 3-year Business Plan on behalf of the Bank to BNM and has been keeping BNM abreast of their plan. In addition, UBI has brought in selected personnels and placed them in key positions of the Bank to strengthen the workforce, in preparation for the completion of the proposed transaction.

#### 37 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS AFTER THE FINANCIAL YEAR

There are no material subsequent events after the financial year that require disclosure or adjustments to the financial statements.

201001027747 (911666-D)

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

We, Prabhat Kumar and Goh Ching Chee, two of the Directors of India International Bank (Malaysia) Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 17 to 118 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Bank as at 31 December 2022 and financial performance of the Bank for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 25 April 2023.

PRABHAT KUMAR

DIRECTOR

GOH CHING CHEE DIRECTOR

Kuala Lumpur 25 April 2023

## INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

## STATUTORY DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

I, Prabhat Kumar, the Director primarily responsible for the financial management of India International Bank (Malaysia) Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 17 to 118 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

PRABHAT KUMAR DIRECTOR

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the above named at Kuala Lumpur in Malaysia on 25 April 2023.

Before me:





## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia) Registration No. 201001027747 (911666-D)

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of India International Bank (Malaysia) Berhad ("the Bank") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Bank as at 31 December 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

#### What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Bank, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 17 to 118.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion:

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

#### Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Directors of the Bank are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Bank and our auditors' report thereon.

,...,,...

PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146), Chartered Accountants, Level 10, Menara TH 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, P.O. Box 10192, 50706 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia T: +60 (3) 2173 1188, F: +60 (3) 2173 1288, www.pwc.com/my



### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (CONTINUED)

(Incorporated in Malaysia) Registration No. 201001027747 (911666-D)

### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Bank does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Bank, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Bank or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements

The Directors of the Bank are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Bank that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Bank that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Bank, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Bank as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (CONTINUED)

(Incorporated in Malaysia) Registration No. 201001027747 (911666-D)

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Bank, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Bank or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Bank, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Bank represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INDIA INTERNATIONAL BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD (CONTINUED)

(Incorporated in Malaysia) Registration No. 201001027747 (911666-D)

#### OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the members of the Bank, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur 25 April 2023 FOONG MEI LIN 03530/09/2024 J Chartered Accountant